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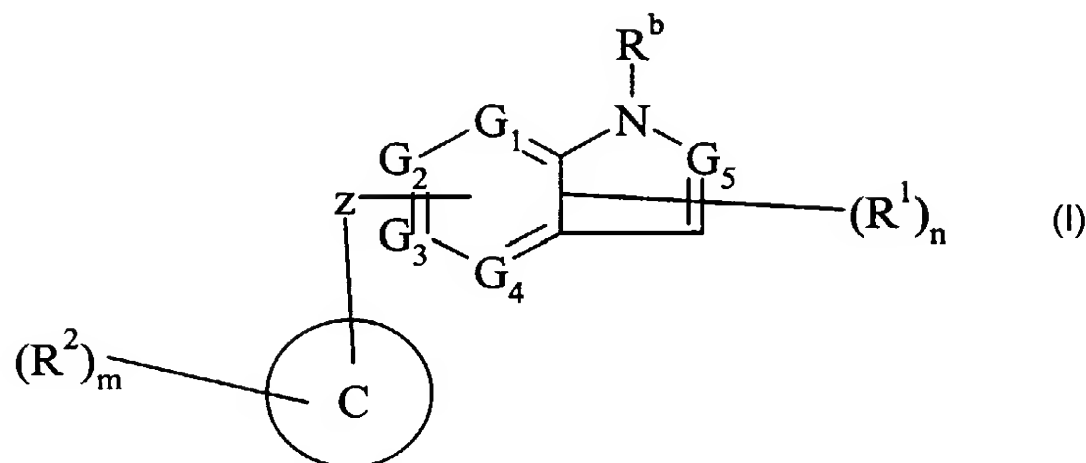
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(54) Title: ANTIANGIOGENIC BICYCLIC DERIVATIVES



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to compounds of the formula I: wherein: ring C is a 5 or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring containing at least one nitrogen atom and optionally containing a further 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N; either any one of G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> and G<sub>5</sub> is nitrogen and the other four are -CH-, or G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub>, and G<sub>5</sub> are all -CH-; Z is -O-, -NH-, -S-, CH<sub>2</sub>-, or a direct bond; Z is linked to any one of G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, and G<sub>4</sub>; n is an integer from 0 to 5; any of the substituents R<sup>1</sup> may be attached at any free carbon atom of the indole, azaindole or

indazole group; m is an integer from 0 to 4, R<sup>b</sup> represents hydrogen or another value as defined herein; R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl(ring B) wherein ring B is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperaziny, N-methylpiperziny, N-ethylpiperaziny, morpholino and thiomorpholino; R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulphanyl, -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> /wherein R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>-(wherein R<sup>5</sup> and X<sup>1</sup> are as defined herein) and salts thereof, processes for the preparation of such compounds, pharmaceutical compositions containing a compound of formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as active ingredient and the use of compound of formula I in the manufacture of a medicament for the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals. The compounds of formula I and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof inhibit the effects of VEGF, a property of value in the treatment of a number of disease states including cancer and rheumatoid arthritis.



*For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.*

## ANTIANGIOGENIC BICYCLIC DERIVATIVES

The present invention relates to indole, azaindole and indazole derivatives, processes for their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions containing them as active  
5 ingredient, methods for the treatment of disease states associated with angiogenesis and/or increased vascular permeability, to their use as medicaments and to their use in the manufacture of medicaments for use in the production of antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effects in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

Normal angiogenesis plays an important role in a variety of processes including  
10 embryonic development, wound healing and several components of female reproductive function. Undesirable or pathological angiogenesis has been associated with disease states including diabetic retinopathy, psoriasis, cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, atheroma, Kaposi's sarcoma and haemangioma (Fan et al, 1995, Trends Pharmacol. Sci. 16: 57-66; Folkman, 1995, Nature Medicine 1: 27-31). Alteration of vascular permeability is thought to play a role  
15 in both normal and pathological physiological processes (Cullinan-Bove et al, 1993, Endocrinology 133: 829-837; Senger et al, 1993, Cancer and Metastasis Reviews, 12: 303-324). Several polypeptides with in vitro endothelial cell growth promoting activity have been identified including, acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors (aFGF & bFGF) and vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). By virtue of the restricted expression of its receptors, the  
20 growth factor activity of VEGF, in contrast to that of the FGFs, is relatively specific towards endothelial cells. Recent evidence indicates that VEGF is an important stimulator of both normal and pathological angiogenesis (Jakeman et al, 1993, Endocrinology, 133: 848-859; Kolch et al, 1995, Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 36:139-155) and vascular permeability (Connolly et al, 1989, J. Biol. Chem. 264: 20017-20024). Antagonism of VEGF  
25 action by sequestration of VEGF with antibody can result in inhibition of tumour growth (Kim et al, 1993, Nature 362: 841-844). Basic FGF (bFGF) is a potent stimulator of angiogenesis (e.g. Hayek et al, 1987, Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 147: 876-880) and raised levels of FGFs have been found in the serum (Fujimoto et al, 1991, Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 180: 386-392) and urine (Nguyen et al, 1993, J. Natl. Cancer. Inst. 85: 241-242) of patients  
30 with cancer.

Receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) are important in the transmission of biochemical signals across the plasma membrane of cells. These transmembrane molecules characteristically consist of an extracellular ligand-binding domain connected through a

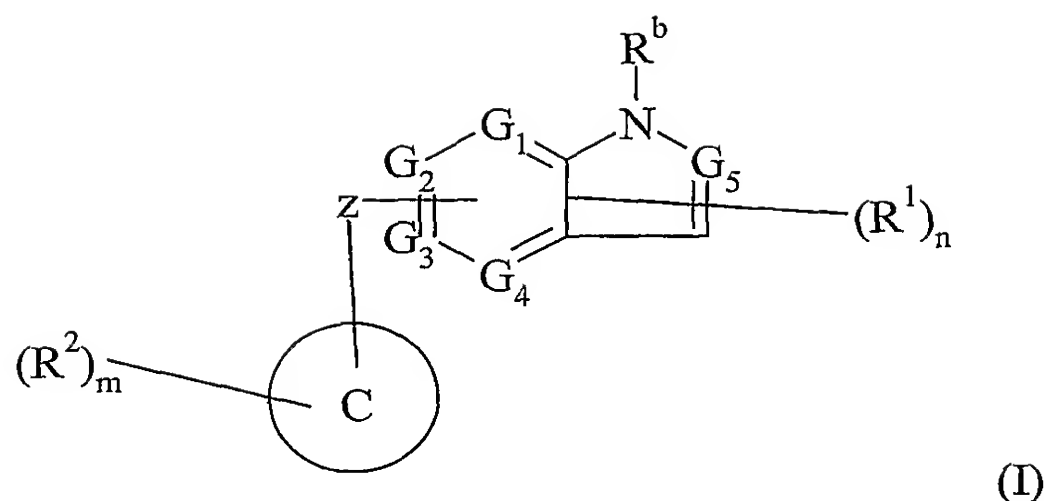
segment in the plasma membrane to an intracellular tyrosine kinase domain. Binding of ligand to the receptor results in stimulation of the receptor-associated tyrosine kinase activity which leads to phosphorylation of tyrosine residues on both the receptor and other  
5 intracellular molecules. These changes in tyrosine phosphorylation initiate a signalling cascade leading to a variety of cellular responses. To date, at least nineteen distinct RTK subfamilies, defined by amino acid sequence homology, have been identified. One of these subfamilies is presently comprised by the *fms*-like tyrosine kinase receptor, Flt or Flt1, the kinase insert domain-containing receptor, KDR (also referred to as Flk-1), and another  
10 *fms*-like tyrosine kinase receptor, Flt4. Two of these related RTKs, Flt and KDR, have been shown to bind VEGF with high affinity (De Vries et al, 1992, Science 255: 989-991; Terman et al, 1992, Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 1992, 187: 1579-1586). Binding of VEGF to these receptors expressed in heterologous cells has been associated with changes in the tyrosine phosphorylation status of cellular proteins and calcium fluxes.

15 The present invention is based on the discovery of compounds that surprisingly inhibit the effects of VEGF, a property of value in the treatment of disease states associated with angiogenesis and/or increased vascular permeability such as cancer, diabetes, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, Kaposi's sarcoma, haemangioma, acute and chronic nephropathies, atheroma, arterial restenosis, autoimmune diseases, acute inflammation, excessive scar  
20 formation and adhesions, lymphoedema, endometriosis, dysfunctional uterine bleeding and ocular diseases with retinal vessel proliferation. Compounds of the present invention generally possess higher potency against VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase than against epidermal growth factor (EGF) receptor tyrosine kinase. Compounds of the invention which have been tested possess activity against VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase such that they may be  
25 used in an amount sufficient to inhibit VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase whilst demonstrating no significant activity against EGF receptor tyrosine kinase. Compounds of the present invention generally possess higher potency against VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase than against FGF R1 receptor tyrosine kinase. Compounds of the invention which have been tested possess activity against VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase such that they may be used in an amount sufficient to  
30 inhibit VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase whilst demonstrating no significant activity against FGF R1 receptor tyrosine kinase.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of a compound of the formula I:



-3-



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wherein:

ring C is a 5 or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring containing at least one nitrogen atom and optionally containing a further 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N;

either any one of  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  is nitrogen and the other four are  $-CH-$ ,

15 or  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  are all  $-CH-$ ;

Z is  $-O-$ ,  $-NH-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-CH_2-$  or a direct bond; Z is linked to any one of  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$  and  $G_4$  which is a free carbon atom;

n is an integer from 0 to 5; any of the substituents  $R^1$  may be attached at any free carbon atom of the indole, azaindole or indazole group, such free carbon atoms may be  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  or

20  $G_5$  or may be at the 3-position of the indole, azaindole or indazole group;

m is an integer from 0 to 4;

$R^b$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-5}$ alkenylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-5}$ alkynylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl(ring A) wherein ring A is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperazinyl, morpholino and thiomorpholino and wherein ring A may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-5}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-5}$ alkynyl, hydroxy, oxo, halogeno, cyano, cyano $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl and  $C_{1-4}$ alkanoyl;

25  $R^1$  represents hydrogen, oxo, hydroxy, halogeno,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl(ring B) wherein ring B is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, N-ethylpiperazinyl, morpholino and thiomorpholino;

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$R^2$  represents hydrogen, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylsulphanyl,  $-NR^3R^4$  (wherein  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl), or  $R^5X^1$  - (wherein  $X^1$  represents a direct bond, -O-, -

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$CH_2$ -,  $-OC(O)$ -,  $-C(O)$ -,  $-S$ -,  $-SO$ -,  $-SO_2$ -,  $-NR^6C(O)$ -,  $-C(O)NR^7$ -,  $-SO_2NR^8$ -,  $-NR^9SO_2$ - or  $-NR^{10}$ - (wherein  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$ ,  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl), and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:

1) hydrogen, oxiranyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be

10 substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo and amino;

2)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^2C(O)R^{11}$  (wherein  $X^2$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{12}$ - (in which  $R^{12}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{11}$  represents  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $-NR^{13}R^{14}$  or  $-OR^{15}$  (wherein  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  which may be the same or different each represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl));

15 3)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-,  $-OC(O)$ -,  $-NR^{17}C(O)$ -,  $-C(O)NR^{18}$ -,  $-SO_2NR^{19}$ -,  $-NR^{20}SO_2$ - or  $-NR^{21}$ - (wherein  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{16}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group  
20 may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ aminoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and a group  $-(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl));

4)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^4C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  which may be the same or different are each  
30 -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-,  $-NR^{23}C(O)$ -,  $-C(O)NR^{24}$ -,  $-SO_2NR^{25}$ -,  $-NR^{26}SO_2$ - or  $-NR^{27}$ - (wherein  $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$ ,  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{22}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl);

- 5)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 6) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 7) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 8) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 9)  $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  represents a pyridone group, a phenyl group or a 5-6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, which pyridone, phenyl or aromatic heterocyclic group may carry up to 5 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkoxy, carboxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, -C(O)NR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, -NR<sup>32</sup>C(O)R<sup>33</sup> (wherein R<sup>30</sup>, R<sup>31</sup>, R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 10) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 11) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 12) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup> $R^{29}$  (wherein X<sup>6</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>34</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>35</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>36</sup>-, -NR<sup>37</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>38</sup>- (wherein R<sup>34</sup>, R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);

- 14)  $C_{2-5}alkenylX^7R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^7$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>39</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>40</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>41</sup>-, -NR<sup>42</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>43</sup>- (wherein R<sup>39</sup>, R<sup>40</sup>, R<sup>41</sup>, R<sup>42</sup> and R<sup>43</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 5 15)  $C_{2-5}alkynylX^8R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^8$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>44</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>45</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>46</sup>-, -NR<sup>47</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>48</sup>- (wherein R<sup>44</sup>, R<sup>45</sup>, R<sup>46</sup>, R<sup>47</sup> and R<sup>48</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 16)  $C_{1-4}alkylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $X^9$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>49</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>50</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>51</sup>-, -NR<sup>52</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>53</sup>- (wherein R<sup>49</sup>, R<sup>50</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>53</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10 17)  $C_{1-4}alkylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 18)  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more
- 15 groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 19)  $C_{2-5}alkynyl$  which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 20 20)  $C_{2-5}alkenylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 21)  $C_{2-5}alkynylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and
- 22)  $C_{1-4}alkylR^{54}(C_{1-4}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein  $X^9$  is as defined hereinbefore, q is 0 or 1, r is 0 or 1, and R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms,
- 25 selected independently from O, S and N, which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy
- 30 and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O,

-7-

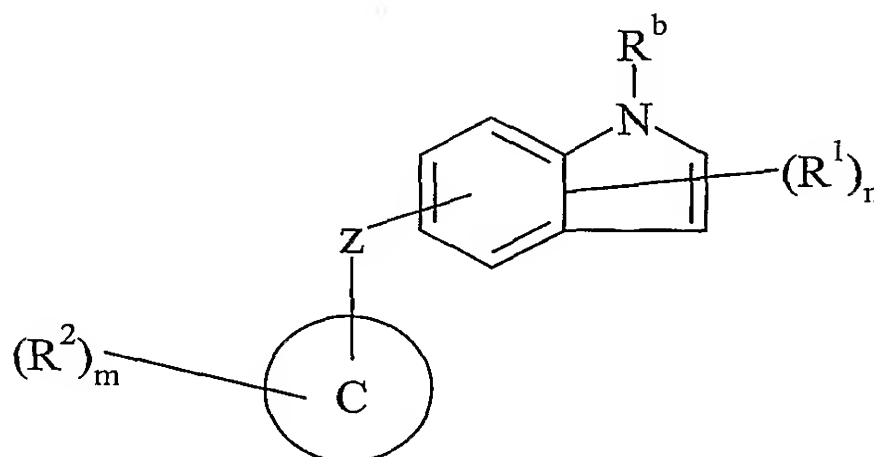
S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl), with the proviso that R<sup>54</sup> cannot be hydrogen);

and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear  
 5 one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino);  
 or a salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof for example an ester or an amide, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of a  
 10 compound of the formula I<sup>1</sup>:

15

20

(I<sup>1</sup>)

wherein:

25 ring C is a 5 or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring containing at least one nitrogen atom and optionally containing a further 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N;  
 Z is -O-, -NH-, -S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>- or a direct bond; Z is linked to the benz ring of the indole group at any of the positions 4-, 5-, 6- or 7- of the indole group;  
 n is an integer from 0 to 5; any of the substituents R<sup>1</sup> may be attached at any free carbon atom  
 30 of the indole group, such free carbon atoms may be at positions 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, or 7- of the indole group;  
 m is an integer from 0 to 4;

- $R^b$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl(ring A) wherein ring A is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperaziny, N-methylpiperaziny, N-ethylpiperaziny, morpholino and thiomorpholino;
- $R^1$  represents hydrogen, oxo, hydroxy, halogeno,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl(ring B) wherein ring B is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperaziny, N-methylpiperaziny, N-ethylpiperaziny, morpholino and thiomorpholino;
- $R^2$  represents hydrogen, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylsulphonyl,  $-NR^3R^4$  (wherein  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl), or  $R^5X^1$  (wherein  $X^1$  represents a direct bond,  $-O-$ ,  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-NR^6C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^7-$ ,  $-SO_2NR^8-$ ,  $-NR^9SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{10}-$  (wherein  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$ ,  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl), and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:
- 1) hydrogen, oxiranyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo and amino;
  - 2)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^2C(O)R^{11}$  (wherein  $X^2$  represents  $-O-$  or  $-NR^{12}-$  (in which  $R^{12}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{11}$  represents  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $-NR^{13}R^{14}$  or  $-OR^{15}$  (wherein  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  which may be the same or different each represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl));
  - 3)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  represents  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$ ,  $-NR^{17}C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{18}-$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{19}-$ ,  $-NR^{20}SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{21}-$  (wherein  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{16}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ aminoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and a group  $-(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms,



selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));

- 4) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>4</sup>C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> which may be the same or different are each  
 5 -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>23</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>24</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>25</sup>-, -NR<sup>26</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>27</sup>- (wherein R<sup>23</sup>, R<sup>24</sup>, R<sup>25</sup>, R<sup>26</sup> and R<sup>27</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>22</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl);
- 5) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  
 10 heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0  
 15 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 6) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 7) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 20 8) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 9) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> represents a pyridone group, a phenyl group or a 5-6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, which pyridone, phenyl or aromatic heterocyclic group may carry up to 5 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkoxy, carboxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, -  
 25 C(O)NR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, -NR<sup>32</sup>C(O)R<sup>33</sup> (wherein R<sup>30</sup>, R<sup>31</sup>, R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  
 30 cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 10) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 11) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 12) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);



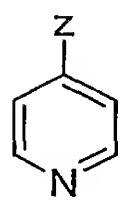
- 13)  $C_{1-5}alkylX^6R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^6$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>34</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>35</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>36</sup>-, -NR<sup>37</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>38</sup>- (wherein R<sup>34</sup>, R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 5 14)  $C_{2-5}alkenylX^7R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^7$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>39</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>40</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>41</sup>-, -NR<sup>42</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>43</sup>- (wherein R<sup>39</sup>, R<sup>40</sup>, R<sup>41</sup>, R<sup>42</sup> and R<sup>43</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 15)  $C_{2-5}alkynylX^8R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^8$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>44</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>45</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>46</sup>-, -NR<sup>47</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>48</sup>- (wherein R<sup>44</sup>, R<sup>45</sup>, R<sup>46</sup>, R<sup>47</sup> and R<sup>48</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10 16)  $C_{1-4}alkylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $X^9$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>49</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>50</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>51</sup>-, -NR<sup>52</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>53</sup>- (wherein R<sup>49</sup>, R<sup>50</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>53</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 15 17)  $C_{1-4}alkylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 20 20)  $C_{2-5}alkenylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 21)  $C_{2-5}alkynylX^9C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and
- 22)  $C_{1-4}alkylR^{54}(C_{1-4}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein  $X^9$  is as defined hereinbefore, q is 0 or 1, r is 0 or 1, and R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-
- 30

-11-

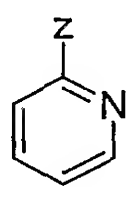
membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl), with the proviso that R<sup>54</sup> cannot be hydrogen);

- 5 and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino);  
or a salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof for example an ester or an amide, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

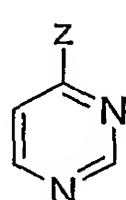
- 10 Preferably ring C is selected from one of the following seven moieties:



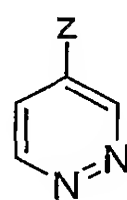
(i)



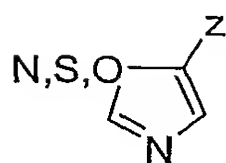
(ii)



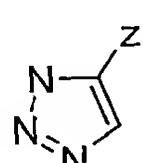
(iii)



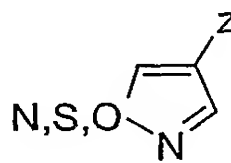
(iv)



(v)



(vi)



(vii)

wherein Z is as defined hereinbefore but is not part of ring C, it is shown for the purpose of clarity, and wherein alternatives for the values at certain positions of ring C are indicated by

- 15 the possible values separated by commas.

More preferably ring C is a pyrimidine ring or a pyridyl ring.

Preferably Z is -O-, -NH-, -S- or a direct bond.

More preferably Z is -O-, -NH- or -S-.

Particularly Z is -O- or -NH-, especially -O-.

- 20 Preferably Z is linked to the indole, azaindole or indazole group at the 5- or 6-positions of the indole, azaindole or indazole group.

More preferably Z is linked to the indole, azaindole or indazole group at the 5-position of the indole, azaindole or indazole group.

Preferably Z is linked to an indole group at the 5- or 6-positions of the indole group.

- 25 More preferably Z is linked to an indole group at the 5-position of the indole group.

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Preferably  $R^b$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkenylamino $C_{2-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkynylamino $C_{2-3}$ alkyl or  $-C_{2-4}$ alkyl(ring A) wherein ring A is selected from piperidinyl and piperazinyl and wherein ring A may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkynyl, hydroxy, cyano, cyano $C_{1-2}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ alkylsulphonyl and  $C_{1-2}$ alkanoyl.

More preferably  $R^b$  represents hydrogen, methyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkenylamino $C_{2-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-3}$ alkynylamino $C_{2-3}$ alkyl or  $-C_{2-3}$ alkyl(ring A) wherein ring A is selected from 4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-cyanopiperazin-1-yl, 4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl, 4-(prop-2-en-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl, 4-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)piperazin-1-yl and 4-hydroxypiperidino.

Particularly  $R^b$  is hydrogen or methyl, especially hydrogen.

Advantageously  $R^1$  represents hydrogen, oxo, hydroxy, halogeno,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl(ring B) wherein ring B is selected from azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl, N-methylpiperazin-1-yl, N-ethylpiperazin-1-yl, morpholino and thiomorpholino.

Particularly  $R^1$  represents methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl or halogeno.

Especially  $R^1$  represents methyl, fluoro, chloro or bromo, more especially methyl or fluoro.

Preferably n is an integer from 0 to 3.

More preferably n is 0, 1 or 2.

According to one aspect of the present invention  $G_1$  is nitrogen and  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  are  $-CH-$  forming an azaindole moiety which may bear one or more substituents  $R^1$  as defined hereinbefore.

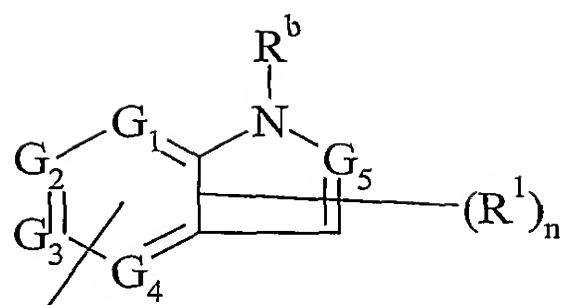
According to another aspect of the present invention  $G_5$  is nitrogen and  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$  and  $G_4$  are  $-CH-$  forming an indazole moiety which may bear one or more substituents  $R^1$  as defined hereinbefore.

According to another aspect of the present invention  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  are all  $-CH-$  forming an indole moiety which may bear one or more substituents  $R^1$  as defined hereinbefore.

In one embodiment of the invention the optionally substituted indole, azaindole or indazole moiety of formula II:

-13-

5



(II)

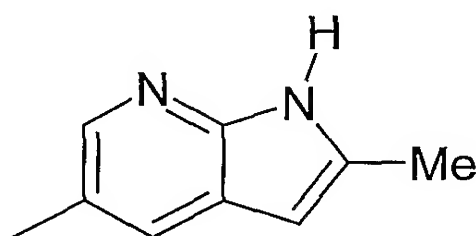
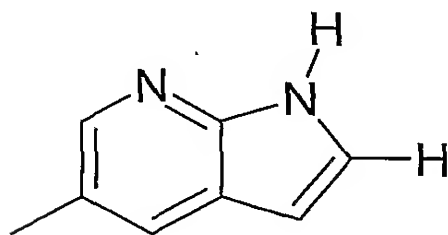
wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  and  $n$  are as defined hereinbefore;

10 is selected from the indole moieties:

4-fluoro-2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-6-yl, 2,3-dimethylindol-5-yl, 1-methylindol-5-yl, 1,2-dimethylindol-5-yl, 4-fluoroindol-5-yl, 6-fluoroindol-5-yl, indol-5-yl and 3-methylindol-5-yl,

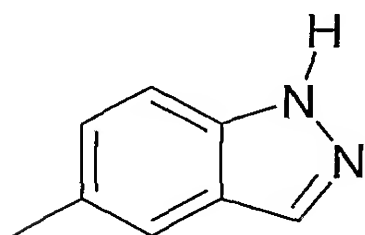
the azaindole moieties:

15



1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridin-5-yl and 2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridin-5-yl,  
and the indazole moiety:

20

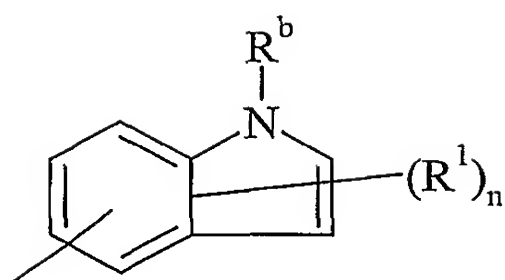


1*H*-indazol-5-yl.

The indole moieties are preferred over the azaindole and indazole moieties.

In one embodiment of the invention the optionally substituted indole moiety of formula  $\text{II}^1$ :

-14-



5

(II<sup>1</sup>)

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>b</sup> and n are as defined hereinbefore;

is selected from 4-fluoro-2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-6-yl, 2,3-dimethylindol-5-yl, 1-methylindol-5-yl, 1,2-dimethylindol-5-yl, 4-fluoroindol-5-yl, 6-fluoroindol-5-yl and indol-5-yl.

10

Particularly the optionally substituted indole moiety of formula II is selected from 4-fluoro-2-methylindol-5-yl, 4-fluoroindol-5-yl and 6-fluoroindol-5-yl, more especially from 4-fluoro-2-methylindol-5-yl.

Preferably m is 1 or 2.

Advantageously X<sup>1</sup> represents a direct bond, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>6</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>9</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>10</sup>- (wherein R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyethyl).

15

Preferably X<sup>1</sup> represents a direct bond, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>6</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>9</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- (wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> each independently represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl) or NH.

More preferably X<sup>1</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>6</sup>C(O)- (wherein R<sup>6</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl) or NH.

20

Particularly X<sup>1</sup> represents -O- or -NR<sup>6</sup>C(O)- (wherein R<sup>6</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl), more particularly -O- or -NHC(O)-, especially -O-.

According to another aspect of the present invention X<sup>1</sup> represents -O- or a direct bond.

25

Advantageously X<sup>2</sup> represents -O- or NR<sup>12</sup> (wherein R<sup>12</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyethyl).

Advantageously X<sup>3</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>17</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>20</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>21</sup>- (wherein R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyethyl).

30

Preferably X<sup>3</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>21</sup>- (wherein R<sup>21</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyethyl).

-15-

More preferably  $X^3$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{21}-$  (wherein  $R^{21}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

According to another aspect of the present invention  $X^3$  represents -O-,  $-SO_2-$ , -  
 5  $NR^{20}SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{21}-$  (wherein  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

Advantageously  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  which may be the same or different each represents -O-, -S-,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{27}-$  (wherein  $R^{27}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

Preferably  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  which may be the same or different each represents -O-, -S- or  
 10  $-NR^{27}-$  (wherein  $R^{27}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

More preferably  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  which may be the same or different each represents -O- or -NH-.

Especially  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  each represents -O-.

Advantageously  $X^6$  represents -O-, -S- or  $-NR^{38}-$  (wherein  $R^{38}$  represents hydrogen,  
 15  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

Preferably  $X^6$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{38}-$  (wherein  $R^{38}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

Especially  $X^6$  represents -O-.

Advantageously  $X^7$  represents -O-, -S- or  $-NR^{43}-$  (wherein  $R^{43}$  represents hydrogen,  
 20  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

Preferably  $X^7$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{43}-$  (wherein  $R^{43}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

Advantageously  $X^8$  represents -O-, -S- or  $-NR^{48}-$  (wherein  $R^{48}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

25 Preferably  $X^8$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{48}-$  (wherein  $R^{48}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

Advantageously  $X^9$  represents -O-, -S- or  $-NR^{53}-$  (wherein  $R^{53}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl).

Preferably  $X^9$  represents -O- or  $-NR^{53}-$  (wherein  $R^{53}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

According to another aspect of the present invention  $X^9$  represents -O-,  $-CONR^{50}-$  or -  
 30  $NR^{53}-$  (wherein  $R^{50}$  and  $R^{53}$  each independently represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl).

Conveniently  $R^{28}$  is pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino or thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-3}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-}$

2alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl).

Advantageously R<sup>28</sup> is pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino or thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino).

In one embodiment of the present invention R<sup>28</sup> is pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino or thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino).

Particularly R<sup>28</sup> is pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino or thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl.

According to another aspect of the present invention, preferably R<sup>28</sup> is pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, morpholino or thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl.

Where R<sup>29</sup> is a 5-6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group, it preferably has 1 or 2 heteroatoms, selected from O, N and S, of which more preferably one is N, and may be substituted as hereinbefore defined.

R<sup>29</sup> is particularly a pyridone, phenyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, triazolyl or pyridazinyl group which group may be substituted as hereinbefore defined, more



particularly a pyridone, pyridyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl or triazolyl group, especially a pyridone, pyridyl, imidazolyl or triazolyl group which group may be substituted as hereinbefore defined.

In one embodiment of the invention  $R^{29}$  represents a pyridone, phenyl or 5-  
 5 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group with 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, which group may preferably carry up to 2 substituents, more preferably up to one substituent, selected from the group of substituents as hereinbefore defined.

In the definition of  $R^{29}$ , conveniently substituents are selected from halogeno,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, cyano and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1  
 10 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ).

In the definition of  $R^{29}$ , more conveniently substituents are selected from chloro, fluoro, methyl, ethyl and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and  
 15 ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino).

According to another embodiment of the present invention in the definition of  $R^{29}$ , conveniently substituents are selected from halogeno,  $C_{1-4}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-4}alkoxy$  and cyano, more conveniently substituents are selected from chloro, fluoro, methyl and ethyl.

Advantageously  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are each independently a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated  
 20 heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-3}cyanoalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}hydroxyalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxy$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxyC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkylsulphonylC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxycarbonyl$  and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f  
 25 is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ).

Preferably  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are each selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2  
 30 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-3}cyanoalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}hydroxyalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxy$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxyC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkylsulphonylC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxycarbonyl$  and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl,

azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl).

More preferably R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each selected from pyrrolidiny, piperaziny, piperidiny, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidiny, methylpiperaziny, piperidiny, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino).

Particularly R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each selected from pyrrolidiny, piperaziny, piperidiny, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidiny, methylpiperaziny, piperidiny, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino).

More particularly R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each selected from pyrrolidiny, piperaziny, piperidiny, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino which group is unsubstituted.

Conveniently R<sup>2</sup> represents hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:

- 1) oxiranylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
- 2) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>11</sup> (wherein X<sup>2</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>11</sup> represents C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, -NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> or -OR<sup>15</sup> (wherein R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> which may be the same or different are each C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyethyl));
- 3) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkylX<sup>3</sup>R<sup>16</sup> (wherein X<sup>3</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>16</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-</sub>

- 4alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group -  
 (-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered  
 saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N,  
 5 which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 4) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>4</sup>C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> are as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>22</sup>  
 represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl);
- 5) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 6) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>56</sup> (wherein R<sup>56</sup> is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2  
 10 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which heterocyclic group is linked to  
 C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl through a carbon atom and which heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents  
 selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 15 4alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group -  
 (-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered  
 saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N,  
 which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)) or C<sub>2-5</sub>  
 20 5alkylR<sup>57</sup> (wherein R<sup>57</sup> is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2  
 heteroatoms, of which one is N and the other may be selected independently from O, S and N,  
 which heterocyclic group is linked to C<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl through a nitrogen atom and which  
 heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 4alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 25 4alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy,  
 di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group -(-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0  
 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms,  
 selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more  
 substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 30 7) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkenylR<sup>58</sup> (wherein R<sup>58</sup> represents R<sup>56</sup> or R<sup>57</sup> as defined hereinbefore);
- 8) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkynylR<sup>58</sup> (wherein R<sup>58</sup> represents R<sup>56</sup> or R<sup>57</sup> as defined hereinbefore);
- 9) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);

- 11) C<sub>3-5</sub>alkenylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 12) C<sub>3-5</sub>alkynylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 5 14) C<sub>4-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>7</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 15) C<sub>4-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>8</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 16) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 17) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more  
 10 groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino,  
 aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more  
 groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino,  
 aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 15 20) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 21) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and  
 22) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>54</sup>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>q</sub>(X<sup>9</sup>)<sub>r</sub>R<sup>55</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup>, q, r, R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are as defined  
 hereinbefore);  
 and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear  
 20 one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

Advantageously R<sup>2</sup> represents hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:

- 1) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups  
 25 selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or  
 substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;  
 2) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>2</sup>C(O)R<sup>11</sup> (wherein X<sup>2</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>11</sup> represents -NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> or  
 -OR<sup>15</sup> (wherein R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> which may be the same or different are each C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-2</sub>  
 alkoxyethyl));  
 30 3) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkylX<sup>3</sup>R<sup>16</sup> (wherein X<sup>3</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>16</sup> is a group selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>  
 alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl,  
 azetidiny and tetrahydropyranyl, which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected  
 from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy and which cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl,

- piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidinyll or tetrahydropyranyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group -(-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidinyll, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl));
- 4) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>4</sup>C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> are as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>22</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl);
- 5) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 6) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>59</sup> (wherein R<sup>59</sup> is a group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidin-1-yl, azetidinyll, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl and 1,3-dithian-2-yl, which group is linked to C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl through a carbon atom and which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group -(-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidinyll, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)) or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkylR<sup>60</sup> (wherein R<sup>60</sup> is a group selected from morpholino, thiomorpholino, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl and piperidino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group -(-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidinyll, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl));

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- 7) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkenylR<sup>61</sup> (wherein R<sup>61</sup> represents R<sup>59</sup> or R<sup>60</sup> as defined hereinbefore);  
 8) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkynylR<sup>61</sup> (wherein R<sup>61</sup> represents R<sup>59</sup> or R<sup>60</sup> as defined hereinbefore);  
 9) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 5 10) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 11) 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-en-3-yl or 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-en-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore with the proviso that when R<sup>5</sup> is 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-en-3-yl, R<sup>29</sup> is linked to the alkenyl group via a carbon atom);  
 12) 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-yn-3-yl or 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore with  
 10 the proviso that when R<sup>5</sup> is 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-yn-3-yl, R<sup>29</sup> is linked to the alkynyl group via a carbon atom);  
 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 14) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>7</sup>)but-2-en-4-yl (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 15) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>8</sup>)but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 15 16) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 17) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-  
 20 di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-  
 di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 25 20) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 21) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and  
 22) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>54</sup>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>q</sub>(X<sup>9</sup>)<sub>r</sub>R<sup>55</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup>, q, r, R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear  
 30 one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

Preferably R<sup>2</sup> represents hydroxy, halogeno, nitro, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyano, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from one of the following twenty groups:



- 1) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or C<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
- 5 2) 2-(3,3-dimethylureido)ethyl, 3-(3,3-dimethylureido)propyl, 2-(3-methylureido)ethyl, 3-(3-methylureido)propyl, 2-ureidoethyl, 3-ureidopropyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(carbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(carbamoyloxy)propyl, or 2-(N-methyl-N-(butoxycarbonyl)amino)ethyl;
- 10 3) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>3</sup>R<sup>16</sup> (wherein X<sup>3</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>16</sup> is a group selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl and tetrahydropyranyl which group is linked to X<sup>3</sup> through a carbon atom and which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy and which cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl or tetrahydropyranyl group may bear one substituent selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
- 15 4) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>4</sup>C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> are as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>22</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl);
- 5) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 25 6) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>59</sup> (wherein R<sup>59</sup> is a group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl and 1,3-dithian-2-yl, which group is linked to C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl through a carbon atom and which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl,
- 30



- azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino)) or  $C_{2-3}alkylR^{60}$  (wherein  $R^{60}$  is a group selected from morpholino, thiomorpholino, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl and piperidino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_1$ -
- 5  $2cyanoalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}hydroxyalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxy$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkanoyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxyC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkylsulphonyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkylsulphonylC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxycarbonyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylamino$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)amino$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylaminoC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)aminoC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylaminoC_{1-3}alkoxy$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)aminoC_{1-3}alkoxy$  and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein  $f$  is 0 or 1,  $g$  is 0 or 1 and ring  $D$  is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl,
- 10 piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
- 7)  $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 8)  $C_{1-4}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 9)  $1-R^{29}but-2-en-4-yl$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10)  $1-R^{29}but-2-yn-4-yl$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 15 11)  $C_{1-3}alkylX^6R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^6$  and  $R^{29}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 12)  $1-(R^{29}X^7)but-2-en-4-yl$  (wherein  $X^7$  and  $R^{29}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 13)  $1-(R^{29}X^8)but-2-yn-4-yl$  (wherein  $X^8$  and  $R^{29}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 14)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{29}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 15)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 20 16)  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino,  $C_1$ - $4alkylamino$ ,  $N,N$ - $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino$ , aminosulphonyl,  $N$ - $C_{1-4}alkylaminosulphonyl$  and  $N,N$ - $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulphonyl$ ;
- 17)  $C_{2-5}alkynyl$  which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more
- 25 fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino,  $C_1$ - $4alkylamino$ ,  $N,N$ - $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)amino$ , aminosulphonyl,  $N$ - $C_{1-4}alkylaminosulphonyl$  and  $N,N$ - $di(C_{1-4}alkyl)aminosulphonyl$ ;
- 18)  $C_{2-3}alkenylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 19)  $C_{2-3}alkynylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined hereinbefore); and
- 30 20)  $C_{1-3}alkylR^{54}(C_{1-3}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein  $X^9$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- and additionally wherein any  $C_{1-5}alkyl$ ,  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  or  $C_{2-5}alkynyl$  group in  $R^5X^1$ - may bear one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

More preferably  $R^2$  represents hydroxy, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, amino or  $R^5X^1$  - [wherein  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$  represents methyl, ethyl, benzyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphiny)ethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphiny)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoyl, 2-(methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(4-hydroxypiperidino)ethyl, 3-(4-hydroxypiperidino)propyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-

4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-

5 (piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(*R*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5*S*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-

10 methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-ylmethyl, 2-acetamidothiazol-4-ylmethyl, 1-methylimidazol-2-ylmethyl, 2-(imidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 3-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-

15 triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 3-pyridylmethyl, 2-(3-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(3-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-

20 yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-(N-(1-

25 methylimidazol-4-ylsulphonyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbonyl)vinyl, 3-((2-

30 (pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbonyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-

thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyloethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-azetidinylopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-azetidinyloethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-azetidinylopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

Particularly  $R^2$  represents trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, amino or  $R^5X^1$  - [wherein  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$  represents ethyl, benzyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoyl, 2-(methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-

yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl,  
 (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(4-hydroxypiperidino)ethyl, 3-(4-hydroxypiperidino)propyl,  
 (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-  
 5 (methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-  
 yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-  
 (methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-  
 cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-  
 (ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-  
 10 yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl,  
 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-  
 methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-  
 methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl,  
 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-  
 15 yl)propyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl,  
 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-  
 yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-  
 isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-  
 4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-  
 20 (cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-  
 cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-  
 (piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-  
 yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(R)-(2-oxo-  
 tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5S)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-  
 25 dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-  
 methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-  
 methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-  
 hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl)methyl, 2-acetamidothiazol-4-yl)methyl, 1-  
 methylimidazol-2-yl)methyl, 2-(imidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-  
 30 ethylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 3-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 2-  
 (1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-  
 triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridyl)methyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 3-pyridyl)methyl, 2-  
 (3-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(3-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-



oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-((N-(1-methylimidazol-4-ylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-

-30-

diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

More particularly  $R^2$  represents trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, amino or  $R^5X^1$  [wherein  
 5  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$  represents ethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoyl, 2-(methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-  
 10 (N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-  
 15 methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(4-hydroxypiperidino)ethyl, 3-(4-hydroxypiperidino)propyl, 2-  
 20 (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-  
 25 (ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-



isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(*R*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5*S*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 3-pyridylmethyl, 2-(3-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(3-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 2-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbonyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbonyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-

pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-(3-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

In another aspect  $R^2$  represents trifluoromethyl, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, 2-hydroxyethoxy, 3-hydroxypropoxy, 2-methoxyethoxy, 3-methoxypropoxy, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethoxy, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethoxy, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethoxy, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethoxy, 2-sulphamoylethoxy, 2-(methylamino)ethoxy, 3-(methylamino)propoxy, 2-(ethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(ethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-piperidinoethoxy, 3-piperidinopropoxy, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-(methylpiperidino)propoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethoxy, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propoxy, piperidin-3-ylmethoxy, piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propoxy, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methoxy, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-(4-hydroxypiperidino)ethoxy, 3-(4-hydroxypiperidino)propoxy, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methoxy, (1-

cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methoxy, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methoxy, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)methoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)methoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propoxy, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, 5(R)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, (5S)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, (1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methoxy, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethoxy, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethoxy, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(2-methoxyethylamino)propoxy, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propoxy, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propoxy, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethoxy, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethoxy, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethoxy, 3-(4-pyridyl)propoxy, 3-pyridylmethoxy, 2-(3-pyridyl)ethoxy, 3-(3-pyridyl)propoxy, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethoxy, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethoxy, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethoxy, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propoxy, 2-thiomorpholinoethoxy, 3-thiomorpholinopropoxy, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethoxy, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propoxy, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-

yl)ethoxy, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy, 2-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(4-cyanomethylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy, 2-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy, 2-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(4-methylsulphonylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy, 3-(methylsulphanyl)propoxy, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propoxy, 3-(ethylsulphanyl)propoxy, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propoxy, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethoxy, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethoxy, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propoxy, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethoxy, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propoxy, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethoxy, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propoxy, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yloxy, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 2-(1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-

(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy.

- According to another aspect of the present invention conveniently  $R^2$  represents
- 5 hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, amino or  $R^5X^1$  - [wherein  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:
- 1) oxiranyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or  $C_{2-5}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
  - 10 2)  $C_{2-3}$ alkyl $X^2C(O)R^{11}$  (wherein  $X^2$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{11}$  represents  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, - $NR^{13}R^{14}$  or - $OR^{15}$  (wherein  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  which may be the same or different are each  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxyethyl));
  - 3)  $C_{2-4}$ alkyl $X^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{16}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-  
15 2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and a group -  
20  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein  $f$  is 0 or 1,  $g$  is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl));
  - 4)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^4C_{2-3}alkylX^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  are as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{22}$   
25 represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl);
  - 5)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
  - 6)  $C_{1-5}alkylR^{56}$  (wherein  $R^{56}$  is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which heterocyclic group is linked to  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl through a carbon atom and which heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents  
30 selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and a group  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_gringD$



- (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)) or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkylR<sup>57</sup> (wherein R<sup>57</sup> is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, of which one is N and the other may be selected independently from O, S and N, which heterocyclic group is linked to C<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl through a nitrogen atom and which heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g ring D$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 15 7) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkenylR<sup>58</sup> (wherein R<sup>58</sup> represents R<sup>56</sup> or R<sup>57</sup> as defined hereinbefore);  
 8) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkynylR<sup>58</sup> (wherein R<sup>58</sup> represents R<sup>56</sup> or R<sup>57</sup> as defined hereinbefore);  
 9) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 10) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 11) C<sub>3-5</sub>alkenylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 20 12) C<sub>3-5</sub>alkynylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);  
 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 14) C<sub>4-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>7</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 15) C<sub>4-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>8</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 16) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 25 17) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more
- 30 groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 20) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 21) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and

22)  $C_{1-3}alkylR^{54}(C_{1-3}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein  $X^9$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are as defined hereinbefore);

and additionally wherein any  $C_{1-5}alkyl$ ,  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  or  $C_{2-5}alkynyl$  group in  $R^5X^1$ - may bear  
 5 one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

According to another aspect of the present invention advantageously  $R^2$  represents hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ , amino or  $R^5X^1$ - [wherein  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:

- 1)  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups  
 10 selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or  $C_{2-5}alkyl$  which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
- 2)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^2C(O)R^{11}$  (wherein  $X^2$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{11}$  represents  $-NR^{13}R^{14}$  or  $-OR^{15}$  (wherein  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  which may be the same or different are each  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-2}alkoxyethyl$ ));
- 15 3)  $C_{2-4}alkylX^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{16}$  is a group selected from  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ , cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny and tetrahydropyranyl, which  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-2}alkoxy$  and which cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny or tetrahydropyranyl group may bear 1 or 2  
 20 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-3}cyanoalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}hydroxyalkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxy$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkoxyC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-2}alkylsulphonylC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkoxycarbonyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylamino$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)amino$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylaminoC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)aminoC_{1-3}alkyl$ ,  $C_{1-3}alkylaminoC_{1-3}alkoxy$ ,  $di(C_{1-3}alkyl)aminoC_{1-3}alkoxy$  and a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein  $f$  is 0 or 1,  $g$  is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group  
 25 selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ ));
- 4)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^4C_{2-3}alkylX^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  are as hereinbefore defined and  $R^{22}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-3}alkyl$ );
- 30 5)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 6)  $C_{1-4}alkylR^{59}$  (wherein  $R^{59}$  is a group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, imidazolidin-1-yl, azetidiny, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl and 1,3-dithian-2-yl, which group is linked to  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  through a carbon atom and which group may



- bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group - (-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidiny, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)) or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkylR<sup>60</sup> (wherein R<sup>60</sup> is a group selected from morpholino, thiomorpholino, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl and piperidino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-3</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group - (-O-)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidiny, imidazolidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl));
- 7) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkenylR<sup>61</sup> (wherein R<sup>61</sup> represents R<sup>59</sup> or R<sup>60</sup> as defined hereinbefore);
- 8) C<sub>3-4</sub>alkynylR<sup>61</sup> (wherein R<sup>61</sup> represents R<sup>59</sup> or R<sup>60</sup> as defined hereinbefore);
- 9) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 11) 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-en-3-yl or 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-en-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore with the proviso that when R<sup>5</sup> is 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-en-3-yl, R<sup>29</sup> is linked to the alkenyl group via a carbon atom);
- 12) 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-yn-3-yl or 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore with the proviso that when R<sup>5</sup> is 1-R<sup>29</sup>prop-1-yn-3-yl, R<sup>29</sup> is linked to the alkynyl group via a carbon atom);
- 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 14) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>7</sup>)but-2-en-4-yl (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 15) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>8</sup>)but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 16) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 17) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);

- 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 20) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 21) C<sub>2-4</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and
- 22) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>54</sup>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>q</sub>(X<sup>9</sup>)<sub>r</sub>R<sup>55</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup>, q, r, R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

According to another aspect of the present invention preferably R<sup>2</sup> represents hydroxy, halogeno, nitro, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyano, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>5</sup> is selected from one of the following twenty groups:

- 1) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or C<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
- 2) 2-(3,3-dimethylureido)ethyl, 3-(3,3-dimethylureido)propyl, 2-(3-methylureido)ethyl, 3-(3-methylureido)propyl, 2-ureidoethyl, 3-ureidopropyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(carbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(carbamoyloxy)propyl, or 2-(N-methyl-N-(butoxycarbonyl)amino)ethyl;
- 3) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>3</sup>R<sup>16</sup> (wherein X<sup>3</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>16</sup> is a group selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl and tetrahydropyranyl which group is linked to X<sup>3</sup> through a carbon atom and which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy and which cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl or tetrahydropyranyl group may bear one substituent selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-

- 2alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
- 4) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>4</sup>C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> are as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>22</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl);
- 5) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10 6) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>59</sup> (wherein R<sup>59</sup> is a group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidiny, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl and 1,3-dithian-2-yl, which group is linked to C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl through a carbon atom and which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino)) or C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylR<sup>60</sup> (wherein R<sup>60</sup> is a group selected from morpholino, thiomorpholino, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl and piperidino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $(-O-)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
- 15 7) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 8) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 30 9) 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-en-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 10) 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined hereinbefore);
- 11) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);
- 12) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>7</sup>)but-2-en-4-yl (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);

- 13) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>8</sup>)but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 14) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 15) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 5 16) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more  
 fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-  
 di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 17) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more  
 10 fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-  
 di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;  
 18) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore);  
 19) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined hereinbefore); and  
 15 20) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>54</sup>(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)<sub>q</sub>(X<sup>9</sup>)<sub>r</sub>R<sup>55</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup>, q, r, R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are as defined  
 hereinbefore);  
 and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear  
 one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

According to another aspect of the present invention more preferably R<sup>2</sup> represents  
 20 hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined  
 and R<sup>5</sup> represents methyl, ethyl, benzyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl,  
 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-  
 (methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-  
 dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoylethyl, 2-  
 25 (methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-  
 (N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-  
 (N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-  
 methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-  
 piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-  
 30 (ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-  
 methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-  
 methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-  
 (piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-

yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl,  
 (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-  
 cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-  
 5 yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-  
 (methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-  
 yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-  
 (ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-  
 methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-  
 10 methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-  
 methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-  
 methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-  
 yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-  
 methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl,  
 15 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl, 1-  
 isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-  
 yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-  
 isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-  
 4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-  
 20 (cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-  
 cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-  
 (piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-  
 yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(*R*)-(2-oxo-  
 tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5*S*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-  
 25 dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-  
 methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-  
 methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-  
 hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl)methyl, 2-acetamidothiazol-4-yl)methyl, 1-  
 methylimidazol-2-yl)methyl, 2-(imidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-  
 30 ethylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 3-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 2-  
 (1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-  
 triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridyl)methyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-  
 pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxo-



imidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 5 3-(methylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-((N-(1-methylimidazol-4-ylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-10 morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-15 morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl or 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-20 hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-25 hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

According to another aspect of the present invention particularly  $R^2$  represents trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, amino or  $R^5X^1$ - [wherein  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined and  $R^5$ 30 represents ethyl, benzyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoylethyl, 2-



(methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(*R*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5*S*)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2*H*-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-

dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-ylmethyl, 2-acetamidothiazol-4-ylmethyl, 1-methylimidazol-2-ylmethyl, 2-(imidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 3-(2-ethylimidazol-1-yl)propyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxoimidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-((N-(1-methylimidazol-4-ylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl or 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-

hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

- 5 According to another aspect of the present invention more particularly R<sup>2</sup> represents trifluoromethyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, amino or R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup> - [wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and R<sup>5</sup> represents ethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 3-methoxypropyl, 2-(methylsulphiny)ethyl, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphiny)ethyl, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethyl, 2-sulphamoyl, 2-(methylamino)ethyl, 3-(methylamino)propyl, 2-(ethylamino)ethyl, 3-(ethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propyl, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethyl, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propyl, 2-morpholinoethyl, 3-morpholinopropyl, 2-piperidinoethyl, 3-piperidinopropyl, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidino)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propyl, piperidin-3-ylmethyl, piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propyl, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methyl, (1-(2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-ylmethyl, 1-

isopropylpiperidin-3-ylmethyl, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-ylmethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethyl, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propyl, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)propyl, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propyl, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, 5(R)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (5S)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methyl, (1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethyl, 3-(2-methoxyethylamino)propyl, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propyl, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 3-(4-pyridyl)propyl, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethyl, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethyl, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethyl, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propyl, 2-thiomorpholinoethyl, 3-thiomorpholinopropyl, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethyl, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethyl, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propyl, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propyl, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethyl, morpholino, 2-((N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methyl)amino)ethyl, 2-((N-methyl-N-4-pyridyl)amino)ethyl, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propyl, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propyl, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethyl, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propyl, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethyl, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propyl, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl or 1-(3-azetidinypropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2R)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2S)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2R)-3-

piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropyl].

In another aspect  $R^2$  represents trifluoromethyl, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, 2-hydroxyethoxy, 3-hydroxypropoxy, 2-methoxyethoxy, 3-methoxypropoxy, 2-(methylsulphinyl)ethoxy, 2-(methylsulphonyl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylsulphinyl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylsulphonyl)ethoxy, 2-(N,N-dimethylsulphamoyl)ethoxy, 2-(N-methylsulphamoyl)ethoxy, 2-sulphamoylethoxy, 2-(methylamino)ethoxy, 3-(methylamino)propoxy, 2-(ethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(ethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)propoxy, 2-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)ethoxy, 3-(N-methyl-N-methylsulphonylamino)propoxy, 2-morpholinoethoxy, 3-morpholinopropoxy, 2-piperidinoethoxy, 3-piperidinopropoxy, 2-(methylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-(methylpiperidino)propoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidino)propoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)ethoxy, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidino)propoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)ethoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonyl)ethylpiperidino)propoxy, piperidin-3-ylmethoxy, piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 2-(piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(piperidin-2-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-2-yl)propoxy, (1-methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, (1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, (1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(methylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(methylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-cyanomethylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(ethylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, ((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-((2-

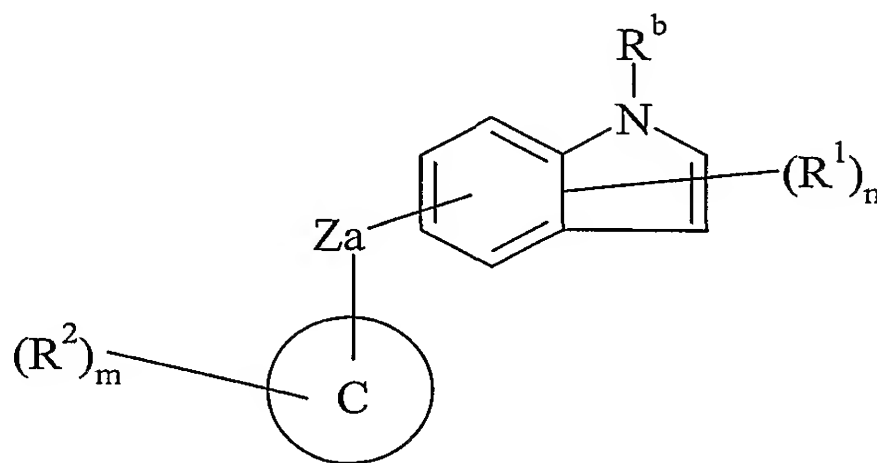


methoxyethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-((2-methoxyethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, (1-(2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-3-yl)methoxy, (1-(2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)methoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-((2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-((2-methylsulphonylethyl)piperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-2-ylmethoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-3-ylmethoxy, 1-isopropylpiperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)ethoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-2-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-3-yl)propoxy, 3-(1-isopropylpiperidin-4-yl)propoxy, 2-(piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(1-(cyanomethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(1-(2-cyanoethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-(piperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(piperazin-1-yl)propoxy, (pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy, 2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propoxy, (2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, 5(R)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, (5S)-(2-oxo-tetrahydro-2H-pyrrolidin-5-yl)methoxy, (1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methoxy, 2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(2-methoxyethylamino)ethoxy, 2-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)ethoxy, 2-(2-hydroxyethylamino)ethoxy, 3-(2-methoxyethylamino)propoxy, 3-(N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino)propoxy, 3-(2-hydroxyethylamino)propoxy, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,3-triazol-2-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethoxy, 4-pyridylmethyl, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethyl, 4-pyridylmethoxy, 2-(4-pyridyl)ethoxy, 3-(4-pyridyl)propoxy, 2-(4-pyridyloxy)ethoxy, 2-(4-pyridylamino)ethoxy, 2-(4-oxo-1,4-dihydro-1-pyridyl)ethoxy, 2-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(2-oxo-imidazolidin-1-yl)propoxy, 2-thiomorpholinoethoxy, 3-thiomorpholinopropoxy, 2-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)ethoxy, 3-(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)propoxy, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy, 2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy, 3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy, 3-(methylsulphinyl)propoxy, 3-(methylsulphonyl)propoxy, 3-(ethylsulphinyl)propoxy, 3-(ethylsulphonyl)propoxy, 2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethoxy, 2-(N-(3-morpholinopropylsulphonyl)-N-methylamino)ethoxy, 2-(N-methyl-N-4-pyridylamino)ethoxy, 3-(4-oxidomorpholino)propoxy, 2-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)ethoxy, 3-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)propoxy, 2-(2-morpholinoethoxy)ethoxy, 3-(2-morpholinoethoxy)propoxy, 2-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)ethoxy, 3-(tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy)propoxy, 2-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl, 3-((2-(pyrrolidin-1-



yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)prop-2-en-1-yloxy, 1-(2-pyrrolidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-pyrrolidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-piperidinylethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-piperidinylpropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 1-(2-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy or 1-(3-azetidinyethyl)piperidin-4-ylmethoxy, 3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-morpholino-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-piperidino-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(1-methylpiperazin-4-yl)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diethylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*S*)-3-(isopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, 3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy, (2*R*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy or (2*S*)-3-(N,N-diisopropylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy.

In another aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of compounds of the formula Ia:

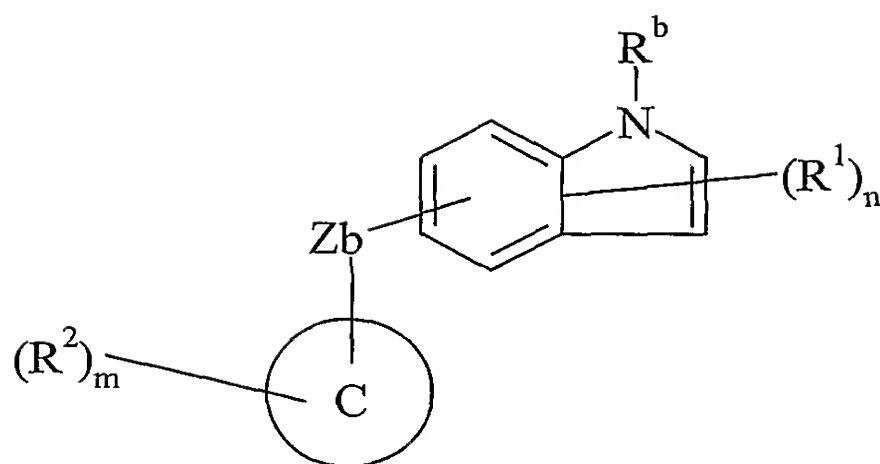


(Ia)

wherein ring C,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , m and n are as defined hereinbefore and Za represents -O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -NH- or -S-; or a salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof for example an ester or an amide, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

In another aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of compounds of the formula Ib:

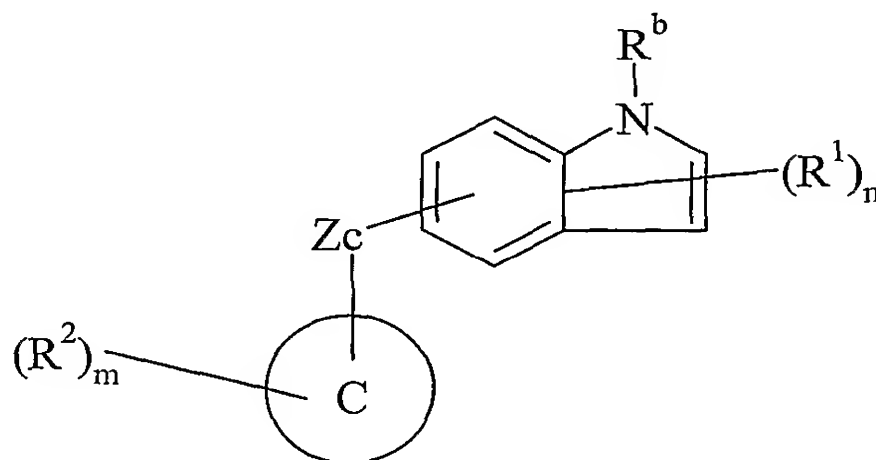
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(Ib)

wherein ring  $C$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $m$  and  $n$  are as defined hereinbefore and  $Zb$  represents  $-O-$ ,  $-NH-$  or  $-S-$ ; or a salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof for example an ester or an amide, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

In another aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of compounds of the formula Ic:



(Ic)

wherein ring  $C$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $m$  and  $n$  are as defined hereinbefore and  $Zc$  represents  $-O-$ ; or a salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof for example an ester or an amide, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula I as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters and amides.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula I<sup>1</sup> as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters, amides and sulphides, preferably esters and amides.

5 According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula Ia as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters and amides.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula Ib as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example  
10 esters and amides.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula Ic as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters and amides.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound  
15 of the formula Ib as defined hereinbefore with the proviso that:

if Z is -S- then at least one R<sup>2</sup> is not hydrogen;

if Z is -O- then at least one R<sup>2</sup> is not selected from hydrogen, methoxy, nitro, cyano, chloro and amino and if R<sup>2</sup> is a group R<sup>5</sup>-X<sup>1</sup> then X<sup>1</sup> is not selected from -NR<sup>10</sup>-, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>- and -C(O)-;

20 if Z is -NH- then at least one R<sup>2</sup> is not selected from hydrogen, methyl, trifluoromethyl, nitro, amino, carbamoyl, methylsulphonyl, benzyl, phenylcarbonylamino, benzylcarbamoyl and benzylsulphanyl and if R<sup>2</sup> is a group R<sup>5</sup>-X<sup>1</sup> then X<sup>1</sup> is not selected from -NR<sup>10</sup>- and a direct bond;

and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters and amides.

25 According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula Ic as defined hereinbefore with the proviso that at least one R<sup>2</sup> is not selected from hydrogen, methoxy, nitro, cyano, chloro and amino and if R<sup>2</sup> is a group R<sup>5</sup>-X<sup>1</sup> then X<sup>1</sup> is not selected from -NR<sup>10</sup>-, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>- and -C(O)-;

and salts thereof, and prodrugs thereof for example esters and amides.

30 A preferred compound of the present invention is  
2-(2-methylindol-5-yloxy)-5-trifluoromethylpyridine  
and salts thereof.

For the avoidance of doubt it is to be understood that where in this specification a group is qualified by 'hereinbefore defined' or 'defined hereinbefore' the said group encompasses the first occurring and broadest definition as well as each and all of the preferred definitions for that group.

In this specification unless stated otherwise the term "alkyl" includes both straight and branched chain alkyl groups but references to individual alkyl groups such as "propyl" are specific for the straight chain version only. An analogous convention applies to other generic terms. Unless otherwise stated the term "alkyl" advantageously refers to chains with 1-6 carbon atoms, preferably 1-4 carbon atoms. The term "alkoxy" as used herein, unless stated otherwise includes "alkyl"-O- groups in which "alkyl" is as hereinbefore defined. The term "aryl" as used herein unless stated otherwise includes reference to a C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl group which may, if desired, carry one or more substituents selected from halogeno, alkyl, alkoxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl and cyano, (wherein alkyl and alkoxy are as hereinbefore defined). The term "aryloxy" as used herein unless otherwise stated includes "aryl"-O-groups in which "aryl" is as hereinbefore defined. The term "sulphonyloxy" as used herein refers to alkylsulphonyloxy and arylsulphonyloxy groups in which "alkyl" and "aryl" are as hereinbefore defined. The term "alkanoyl" as used herein unless otherwise stated includes formyl and alkylC=O groups in which "alkyl" is as defined hereinbefore, for example C<sub>2</sub>alkanoyl is ethanoyl and refers to CH<sub>3</sub>C=O, C<sub>1</sub>alkanoyl is formyl and refers to CHO. In this specification unless stated otherwise the term "alkenyl" includes both straight and branched chain alkenyl groups but references to individual alkenyl groups such as 2-butenyl are specific for the straight chain version only. Unless otherwise stated the term "alkenyl" advantageously refers to chains with 2-5 carbon atoms, preferably 3-4 carbon atoms. In this specification unless stated otherwise the term "alkynyl" includes both straight and branched chain alkynyl groups but references to individual alkynyl groups such as 2-butylnyl are specific for the straight chain version only. Unless otherwise stated the term "alkynyl" advantageously refers to chains with 2-5 carbon atoms, preferably 3-4 carbon atoms. Unless stated otherwise the term "haloalkyl" refers to an alkyl group as defined hereinbefore which bears one or more halogeno groups, such as for example trifluoromethyl.

For the avoidance of any doubt, where R<sup>2</sup> has a value of substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, R<sup>2</sup> has been selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or from a group R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup> wherein X<sup>1</sup> is a direct

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bond or -CH<sub>2</sub>- and R<sup>5</sup> is C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo and amino.

Within the present invention it is to be understood that a compound of the formula I or  
5 a salt thereof may exhibit the phenomenon of tautomerism and that the formulae drawings within this specification can represent only one of the possible tautomeric forms. It is to be understood that the invention encompasses any tautomeric form which inhibits VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity and is not to be limited merely to any one tautomeric form utilised within the formulae drawings. The formulae drawings within this specification can  
10 represent only one of the possible tautomeric forms and it is to be understood that the specification encompasses all possible tautomeric forms of the compounds drawn not just those forms which it has been possible to show graphically herein.

It will be appreciated that compounds of the formula I or a salt thereof may possess an asymmetric carbon atom. Such an asymmetric carbon atom is also involved in the  
15 tautomerism described above, and it is to be understood that the present invention encompasses any chiral form (including both pure enantiomers, scalemic and racemic mixtures) as well as any tautomeric form which inhibits VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity, and is not to be limited merely to any one tautomeric form or chiral form utilised within the formulae drawings. It is to be understood that the invention encompasses all  
20 optical and diastereomers which inhibit VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity. It is further to be understood that in the names of chiral compounds (*R,S*) denotes any scalemic or racemic mixture while (*R*) and (*S*) denote the enantiomers. In the absence of (*R,S*), (*R*) or (*S*) in the name it is to be understood that the name refers to any scalemic or racemic mixture, wherein a scalemic mixture contains *R* and *S* enantiomers in any relative proportions and a racemic  
25 mixture contains *R* and *S* enantiomers in the ratio 50:50.

It is also to be understood that certain compounds of the formula I and salts thereof can exist in solvated as well as unsolvated forms such as, for example, hydrated forms. It is to be understood that the invention encompasses all such solvated forms which inhibit VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity.

30 For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that when X<sup>1</sup> is, for example, a group of formula -NR<sup>6</sup>C(O)-, it is the nitrogen atom bearing the R<sup>6</sup> group which is attached to ring C and the carbonyl (C(O)) group is attached to R<sup>5</sup>, whereas when X<sup>1</sup> is, for example, a group of formula -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>-, it is the carbonyl group which is attached to ring C and the

nitrogen atom bearing the  $R^7$  group is attached to  $R^5$ . A similar convention applies to the other two atom  $X^1$  linking groups such as  $-NR^9SO_2-$  and  $-SO_2NR^8-$ . When  $X^1$  is  $-NR^{10}-$  it is the nitrogen atom bearing the  $R^{10}$  group which is linked to ring C and to  $R^5$ . An analogous  
 5 convention applies to other groups. It is further to be understood that when  $X^1$  represents  $-NR^{10}-$  and  $R^{10}$  is  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$  it is the  $C_{2-3}alkyl$  moiety which is linked to the nitrogen atom of  $X^1$  and an analogous convention applies to other groups.

For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that in a compound of the formula I when  $R^5$  is, for example, a group of formula  $C_{1-3}alkylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{29}$ , it is the  
 10 terminal  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  moiety which is linked to  $X^1$ , similarly when  $R^5$  is, for example, a group of formula  $C_{2-5}alkenylR^{28}$  it is the  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  moiety which is linked to  $X^1$  and an analogous convention applies to other groups. When  $R^5$  is a group 1- $R^{29}$ prop-1-en-3-yl it is the first carbon to which the group  $R^{29}$  is attached and it is the third carbon which is linked to  $X^1$  and an analogous convention applies to other groups.

15 For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that in a compound of the formula I when  $R^5$  is, for example,  $R^{28}$  and  $R^{28}$  is a pyrrolidinyl ring which bears a group  $-(O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g ring D$ , it is the  $-O-$  or  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  which is linked to the pyrrolidinyl ring, unless  $f$  and  $g$  are both 0 when it is ring D which is linked to the pyrrolidinyl ring and an analogous convention applies to other groups.

20 For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that when  $R^{29}$  carries a  $C_{1-4}aminoalkyl$  substituent it is the  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  moiety which is attached to  $R^{29}$  whereas when  $R^{29}$  carries a  $C_{1-4}alkylamino$  substituent it is the amino moiety which is attached to  $R^{29}$  and an analogous convention applies to other groups.

For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that when  $R^{28}$  carries a  $C_{1-4}alkoxyC_{1-4}alkyl$  substituent it is the  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  moiety which is attached to  $R^{28}$  and an  
 25 analogous convention applies to other groups.

For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that when  $R^1$  is  $-C_{1-5}alkyl(ring B)$  it is the alkyl chain which is linked to the indole group and ring B is attached to the alkyl chain and an analogous convention applies to other groups.

30 For the avoidance of any doubt, it is to be understood that when  $R^b$  is  $C_{2-5}alkenylaminoC_{1-4}alkyl$ , it is the  $C_{1-4}alkyl$  group which is linked to the nitrogen atom of the 5-membered ring and an analogous convention applies to other groups.



The present invention relates to the compounds of formula I as hereinbefore defined as well as to the salts thereof. Salts for use in pharmaceutical compositions will be pharmaceutically acceptable salts, but other salts may be useful in the production of the compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the invention may, for example, include acid addition salts of the compounds of formula I as hereinbefore defined which are sufficiently basic to form such salts. Such acid addition salts include for example salts with inorganic or organic acids affording pharmaceutically acceptable anions such as with hydrogen halides (especially hydrochloric or hydrobromic acid of which hydrochloric acid is particularly preferred) or with sulphuric or phosphoric acid, or with trifluoroacetic, citric or maleic acid. In addition where the compounds of formula I are sufficiently acidic, pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be formed with an inorganic or organic base which affords a pharmaceutically acceptable cation. Such salts with inorganic or organic bases include for example an alkali metal salt, such as a sodium or potassium salt, an alkaline earth metal salt such as a calcium or magnesium salt, an ammonium salt or for example a salt with methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, piperidine, morpholine or tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)amine.

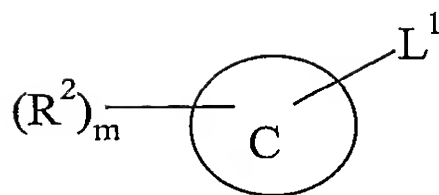
A compound of the formula I, or salt thereof, and other compounds of the invention (as hereinafter defined) may be prepared by any process known to be applicable to the preparation of chemically-related compounds. Such processes include, for example, those illustrated in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 00/47212 (Application No. PCT/GB00/00373). Such processes also include, for example, solid phase synthesis. Such processes, are provided as a further feature of the invention and are as described hereinafter. Necessary starting materials may be obtained by standard procedures of organic chemistry. The preparation of such starting materials is described within the accompanying non-limiting Examples. Alternatively necessary starting materials are obtainable by analogous procedures to those illustrated which are within the ordinary skill of an organic chemist.

Thus, the following processes (a) to (f) and (i) to (vi) constitute further features of the present invention.

#### Synthesis of Compounds of Formula I

(a) Compounds of the formula I and salts thereof may be prepared by the reaction of a compound of the formula III:

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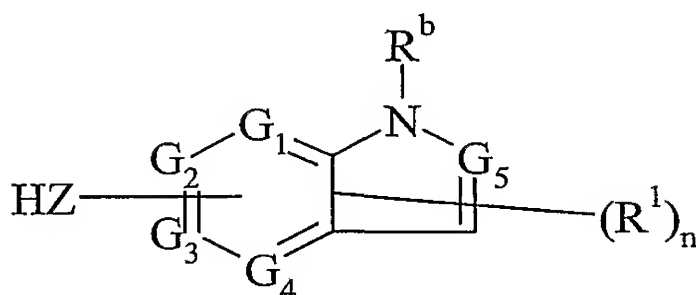


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(III)

(wherein ring C,  $R^2$  and m are as defined hereinbefore and  $L^1$  is a displaceable moiety), with a compound of the formula IV:

10



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(IV)

- 20 (wherein  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$ ,  $G_5$ , Z and n are as defined hereinbefore) to obtain compounds of the formula I and salts thereof. A convenient displaceable moiety  $L^1$  is, for example, a halogeno, alkoxy (preferably  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy), aryloxy, alkylsulphanyl, arylsulphanyl, alkoxyalkylsulphanyl or sulphonyloxy group, for example a chloro, bromo, methoxy, phenoxy, methylsulphanyl, 2-methoxyethylsulphanyl, methanesulphonyloxy or
- 25 toluene-4-sulphonyloxy group.

The reaction is advantageously effected in the presence of a base. When Z is -O- such a base is, for example, an organic amine base such as, for example, pyridine, 2,6-lutidine, collidine, 4-dimethylaminopyridine, triethylamine, morpholine, N-methylmorpholine or diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene, tetramethylguanidine or for example, an alkali metal or

30 alkaline earth metal carbonate or hydroxide, for example sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate, calcium carbonate, sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide. Alternatively such a base is, for example, an alkali metal hydride, for example sodium hydride, or an alkali metal or alkaline earth metal amide, for example sodium amide, sodium

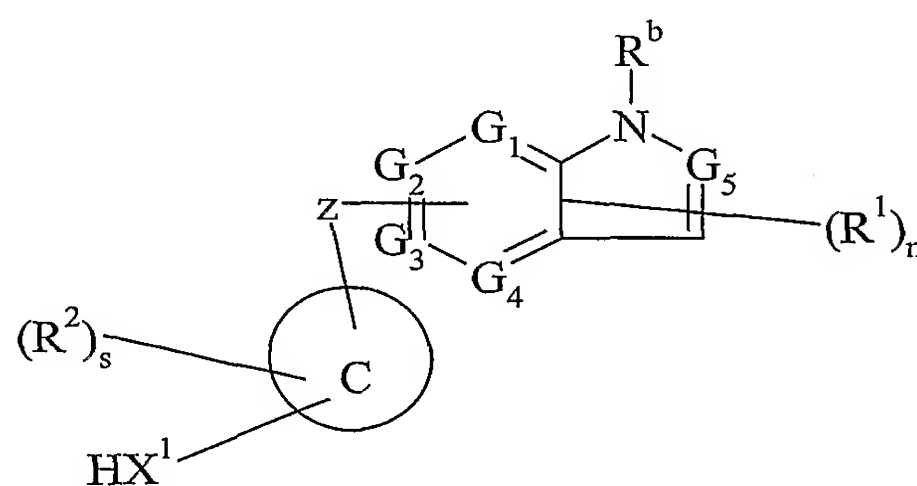
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bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, potassium amide or potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide. The reaction is preferably effected in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent, for example an ether such as tetrahydrofuran or 1,4-dioxan, an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent such as toluene,  
 5 or a dipolar aprotic solvent such as N,N-dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-one or dimethyl sulphoxide. The reaction is conveniently effected at a temperature in the range, for example, 10 to 150°C, preferably in the range 20 to 110°C.

When Z is -NH- the reaction is advantageously effected in the presence of either an acid or a base. Such an acid is for example, an anhydrous inorganic acid such as hydrochloric  
 10 acid, in the presence of a protic solvent or diluent, for example an alcohol or ester such as methanol, ethanol, 2-propanol, 2-pentanol.

When it is desired to obtain the acid salt, the free base may be treated with an acid such as a hydrogen halide, for example hydrogen chloride, sulphuric acid, a sulphonic acid, for example methane sulphonic acid, or a carboxylic acid, for example acetic or citric acid,  
 15 using a conventional procedure.

(b) Production of those compounds of formula I and salts thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$  wherein  $R^5$  is as defined hereinbefore and  $X^1$  is -O-, -S-, -OC(O)- or -NR<sup>10</sup>- (wherein  $R^{10}$  independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) can be achieved by the reaction, conveniently in the presence of a base (as defined hereinbefore in  
 20 process (a)) of a compound of the formula V:



(V)

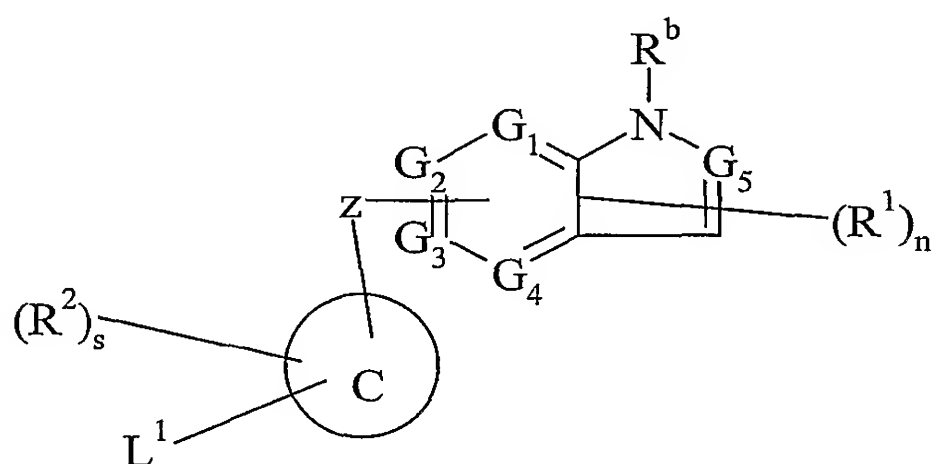
(wherein ring C,  $R^b$ , Z,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$ ,  $G_5$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and n are as hereinbefore defined and  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined in this section and s is an integer from 0 to 3) with a compound of formula VI:

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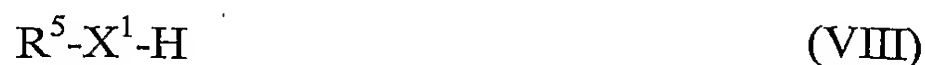
(wherein  $R^5$  and  $L^1$  are as hereinbefore defined),  $L^1$  is a displaceable moiety for example a  
 5 halogeno or sulphonyloxy group such as a bromo, methanesulphonyloxy or toluene-4-  
 sulphonyloxy group, or  $L^1$  may be generated in situ from an alcohol under standard Mitsunobu  
 conditions ("Organic Reactions", John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1992, vol 42, chapter 2, David L  
 Hughes). The reaction is preferably effected in the presence of a base (as defined hereinbefore  
 in process (a)) and advantageously in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent (as defined  
 10 hereinbefore in process (a)), advantageously at a temperature in the range, for example 10 to  
 150°C, conveniently at about 50°C.

(c) Compounds of the formula I and salts thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$   
 wherein  $R^5$  is as defined hereinbefore and  $X^1$  is -O-, -S-, -OC(O)- or -NR<sup>10</sup>- (wherein  $R^{10}$   
 represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) may be prepared by the reaction of a  
 15 compound of the formula VII:



(VII)

25 with a compound of the formula VIII:



(wherein ring C,  $L^1$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$ ,  $G_5$ ,  $Z$ ,  $n$  and  $s$  are all as hereinbefore  
 30 defined and  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined in this section). The reaction may conveniently be  
 effected in the presence of a base (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)) and advantageously  
 in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)),

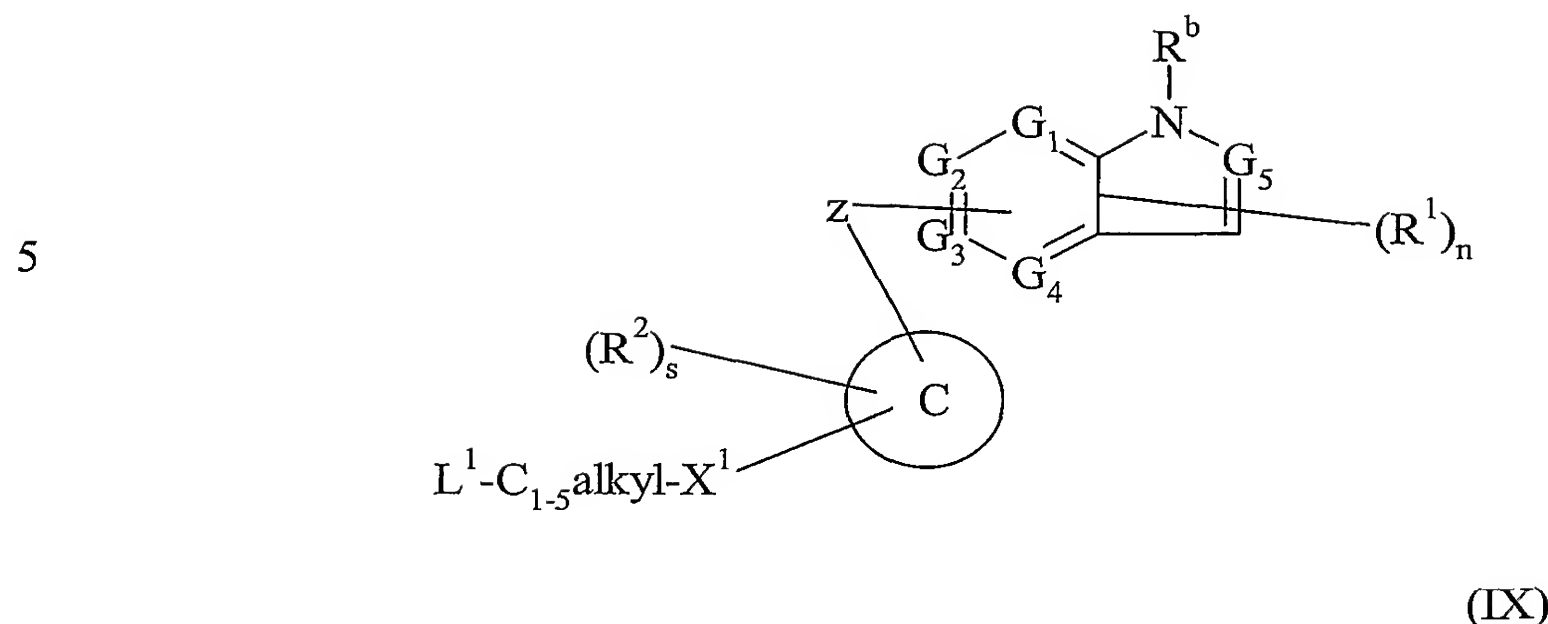
-60-

advantageously at a temperature in the range, for example 10 to 150°C, conveniently at about 100°C.

(d) Compounds of the formula I and salts thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$  wherein  
 5  $X^1$  is as defined hereinbefore and  $R^5$  is  $C_{1-5}alkylR^{62}$ , wherein  $R^{62}$  is selected from one of the following nine groups:

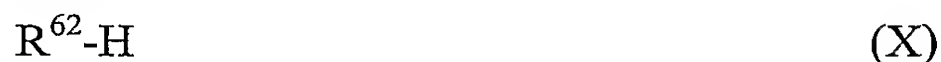
- 1)  $X^{10}C_{1-3}alkyl$  (wherein  $X^{10}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>63</sup>C(O)- or -NR<sup>64</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- (wherein  $R^{63}$  and  $R^{64}$  which may be the same or different are each hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$ );
- 10 2) NR<sup>65</sup>R<sup>66</sup> (wherein  $R^{65}$  and  $R^{66}$  which may be the same or different are each hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$ );
- 3)  $X^{11}C_{1-5}alkylX^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^{11}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>67</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>68</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>69</sup>- (wherein  $R^{67}$ ,  $R^{68}$ , and  $R^{69}$  which may be the same or different are each hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$ ) and  $X^5$  and  $R^{22}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 15 4)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 5)  $X^{12}R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^{12}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>70</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>71</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-, or -NR<sup>72</sup>- (wherein  $R^{70}$ ,  $R^{71}$ , and  $R^{72}$  which may be the same or different are each hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$ ) and  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore); and
- 6)  $X^{13}C_{1-3}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $X^{13}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>73</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>74</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>75</sup>-  
 20 (wherein  $R^{73}$ ,  $R^{74}$  and  $R^{75}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}alkyl$  or  $C_{1-3}alkoxyC_{2-3}alkyl$ ) and  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 7)  $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined hereinbefore);
- 8)  $X^{13}C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^{13}$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined hereinbefore); and
- 9)  $R^{54}(C_{1-4}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein q, r,  $X^9$ ,  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are as defined hereinbefore);
- 25 may be prepared by reacting a compound of the formula IX:

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10

(wherein ring C, L<sup>1</sup>, X<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>b</sup>, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub>, G<sub>5</sub>, Z, n and s are as hereinbefore defined)  
with a compound of the formula X:



15 (wherein R<sup>62</sup> is as defined hereinbefore) to give a compound of the formula I or salt thereof.

The reaction may conveniently be effected in the presence of a base (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)) and advantageously in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)), and at a temperature in the range, for example 0 to 150°C, conveniently at about 50°C.

20 Processes (a) and (b) are preferred over processes (c) and (d).

Process (a) is preferred over processes (b), (c) and (d).

(e) The production of those compounds of the formula I and salts thereof wherein one or more of the substituents (R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub> is represented by -NR<sup>76</sup>R<sup>77</sup>, where one (and the other is hydrogen) or both of R<sup>76</sup> and R<sup>77</sup> are C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, may be effected by the reaction of compounds of  
25 formula I wherein the substituent (R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub> is an amino group and an alkylating agent, preferably in the presence of a base as defined hereinbefore. Such alkylating agents are C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl moieties bearing a displaceable moiety as defined hereinbefore such as C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl halides for example C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl chloride, bromide or iodide. The reaction is preferably effected in the presence of an  
30 inert solvent or diluent (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)) and at a temperature in the range, for example, 10 to 100°C, conveniently at about ambient temperature. The production of compounds of formula I and salts thereof wherein one or more of the substituents R<sup>2</sup> is an



-62-

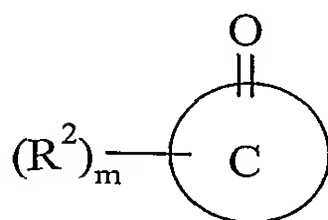
amino group may be effected by the reduction of a corresponding compound of formula I wherein the substituent(s) at the corresponding position(s) of ring C is/are a nitro group(s). The reduction of the nitro group may conveniently be effected by any of the procedures known for such a transformation. The reduction may be carried out, for example, by the hydrogenation of a solution of the nitro compound in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent as defined hereinbefore in the presence of a metal effective to catalyse hydrogenation reactions such as palladium or platinum. A further reducing agent is, for example, an activated metal such as activated iron (produced for example by washing iron powder with a dilute solution of an acid such as hydrochloric acid). Thus, for example, the reduction may be effected by heating the nitro compound and the activated metal in the presence of a solvent or diluent such as a mixture of water and alcohol, for example methanol or ethanol, to a temperature in the range, for example 50 to 150°C, conveniently at about 70°C.

Where the reduction is effected in the presence of activated iron, this is advantageously produced in situ, conveniently by the use of iron, generally iron powder, in the presence of acetic acid/water and preferably at about 100°C. The production of a compound of formula I and salts thereof wherein the substituent(s) at the corresponding position(s) of ring C is/are a nitro group(s) may be effected by the processes described hereinbefore and hereinafter in processes (a-d) and (i-v) using a compound selected from the compounds of the formulae (I-XVII) in which the substituent(s) at the corresponding position(s) of ring C is/are a nitro group(s).

(f) Compounds of the formula I and salts thereof wherein  $X^1$  is -SO- or -SO<sub>2</sub>- may be prepared by oxidation from the corresponding compound in which  $X^1$  is -S- or -SO- (when  $X^1$  is -SO<sub>2</sub>- is required in the final product). Conventional oxidation conditions and reagents for such reactions are well known to the skilled chemist.

#### Synthesis of Intermediates

(i) The compounds of formula III and salts thereof in which  $L^1$  is halogeno may for example be prepared by halogenating a compound of the formula XI:



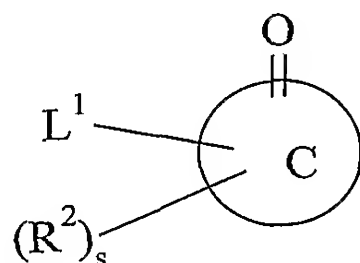
(XI)

wherein ring C,  $R^2$  and m are as hereinbefore defined.

Convenient halogenating agents include inorganic acid halides, for example thionyl chloride, phosphorus(III)chloride, phosphorus(V)oxychloride and phosphorus(V)chloride.

5 The halogenation reaction may be effected in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent such as for example a halogenated solvent such as methylene chloride, trichloromethane or carbon tetrachloride, or an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent such as benzene or toluene, or the reaction may be effected without the presence of a solvent. The reaction is conveniently effected at a temperature in the range, for example 10 to 150°C, preferably in the range 40 to 100°C.

10 The compounds of formula XI and salts thereof may, for example, be prepared by reacting a compound of the formula XII:

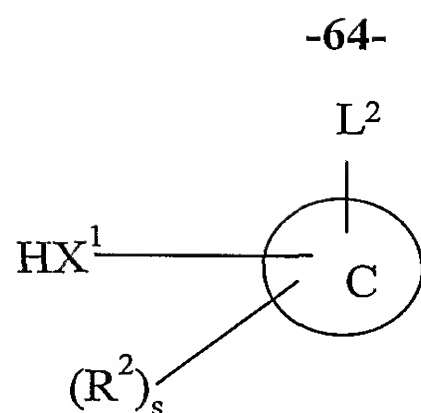


(XII)

(wherein ring C,  $R^2$ , s and  $L^1$  are as hereinbefore defined) with a compound of the formula VIII as hereinbefore defined. The reaction may conveniently be effected in the presence of a  
 20 base (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)) and advantageously in the presence of an inert solvent or diluent (as defined hereinbefore in process (a)), advantageously at a temperature in the range, for example 10 to 150°C, conveniently at about 110°C.

The compounds of formula XI and XII and salts thereof may be prepared by any of the methods known in the art of heterocyclic organic chemistry.

25 The compounds of formula III and salts thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$  and wherein  $X^1$  is -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -OC(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>- or -NR<sup>10</sup>- (wherein  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$  and  $R^{10}$  each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl), may also be prepared for example by reacting a compound of the formula XIII:



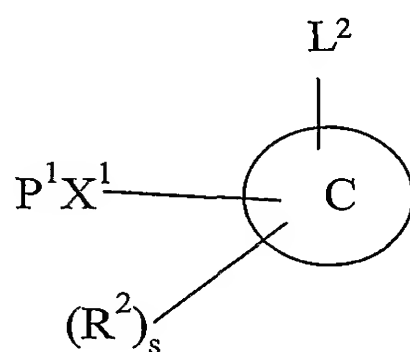
5

(XIII)

(wherein ring C,  $R^2$  and s are as hereinbefore defined,  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined in this section and  $L^2$  represents a displaceable protecting moiety) with a compound of the formula VI as hereinbefore defined, whereby to obtain a compound of formula III in which  $L^1$  is represented by  $L^2$ .

A compound of formula XIII is conveniently used in which  $L^2$  represents a chloro group or a phenoxy group which may if desired carry up to 5 substituents, preferably up to 2 substituents, selected from halogeno, nitro and cyano. The reaction may be conveniently effected under conditions as described for process (b) hereinbefore.

The compounds of formula XIII and salts thereof may for example be prepared by deprotecting a compound of the formula XIV:



20

(XIV)

(wherein ring C,  $R^2$ , s and  $L^2$  are as hereinbefore defined,  $P^1$  is a protecting group and  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined in the section describing compounds of the formula XIII). The choice of protecting group  $P^1$  is within the standard knowledge of an organic chemist, for example those included in standard texts such as "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis" T.W. Greene and R.G.M. Wuts, 2nd Ed. Wiley 1991, including N-sulphonyl derivatives (for example, p-toluenesulphonyl), carbamates (for example, t-butyl carbonyl), N-alkyl derivatives (for example, 2-chloroethyl, benzyl) and amino acetal derivatives (for example benzyloxymethyl).

The removal of such a protecting group may be effected by any of the procedures known for such a transformation, including those reaction conditions indicated in standard texts such as that indicated hereinbefore, or by a related procedure. Deprotection may be effected by techniques well known in the literature, for example where P<sup>1</sup> represents a benzyl group deprotection may be effected by hydrogenolysis or by treatment with trifluoroacetic acid.

One compound of formula III may if desired be converted into another compound of formula III in which the moiety L<sup>1</sup> is different. Thus for example a compound of formula III in which L<sup>1</sup> is other than halogeno, for example optionally substituted phenoxy, may be converted to a compound of formula III in which L<sup>1</sup> is halogeno by hydrolysis of a compound of formula III (in which L<sup>1</sup> is other than halogeno) to yield a compound of formula XI as hereinbefore defined, followed by introduction of halide to the compound of formula XI, thus obtained as hereinbefore defined, to yield a compound of formula III in which L<sup>1</sup> represents halogen.

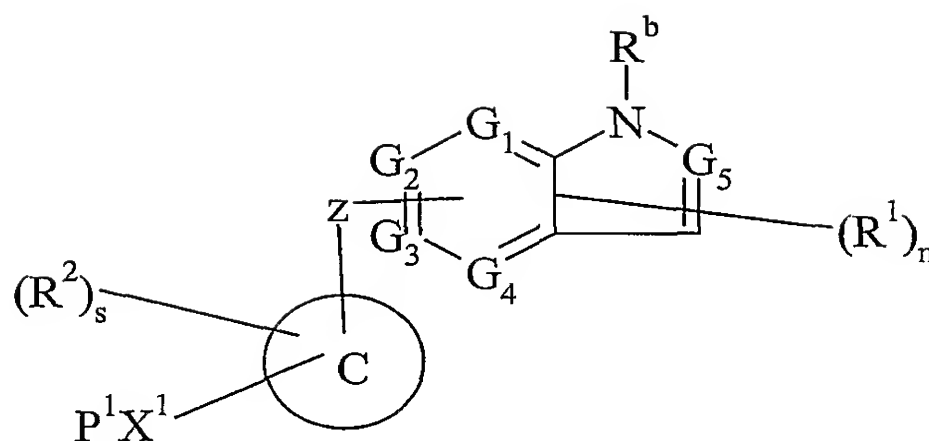
(ii) Compounds of formula IV may be prepared by any of the methods known in the art, such as for example those described in "Indoles Part I", "Indoles Part II", 1972 John Wiley & Sons Ltd and "Indoles Part III" 1979, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, edited by W. J. Houlihan. Compounds of formula IV may be prepared by any of the methods described in the Examples hereinafter.

Compounds of formula IV may be prepared by any of the processes described in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 00/47212, the entire content of which is included herein by reference, with particular reference to the processes described in WO 00/47212 in Examples 48, 182 237, 242, 250 and 291 therein.

For example the azaindole 2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridin-5-ol, may be prepared according to the method described in Reference Example 1 hereinafter.

(iii) Compounds of formula V as hereinbefore defined and salts thereof may be made by deprotecting the compound of formula XV:

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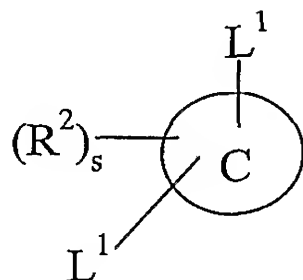


(XV)

10 (wherein ring C,  $R^b$ , Z,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$ ,  $G_5$ ,  $P^1$ , n and s are as hereinbefore defined and  $X^1$  is as hereinbefore defined in the section describing compounds of the formula V) by a process for example as described in (i) above.

15 Compounds of the formula XV and salts thereof may be made by reacting compounds of the formulae XIV and IV as hereinbefore defined, under the conditions described in (a) hereinbefore, to give a compound of the formula XV or salt thereof.

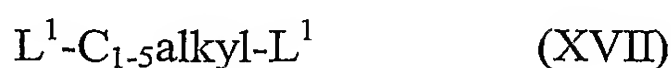
(iv) Compounds of the formula VII and salts thereof may be made by reacting a compound of the formula XVI:



(XVI)

25 (wherein ring C,  $R^2$ , s and each  $L^1$  are as hereinbefore defined and the  $L^1$  in the 4-position and the other  $L^1$  in a further position on ring C may be the same or different) with a compound of the formula IV as hereinbefore defined, the reaction for example being effected by a process as described in (a) above.

30 (v) Compounds of formula IX as defined hereinbefore and salts thereof may for example be made by the reaction of compounds of formula V as defined hereinbefore with compounds of the formula XVII:



(wherein  $L^1$  is as hereinbefore defined) to give compounds of formula IX or salts thereof. The reaction may be effected for example by a process as described in (b) above.

(vi) Intermediate compounds wherein  $X^1$  is  $-SO-$  or  $-SO_2-$  may be prepared by oxidation from the corresponding compound in which  $X^1$  is  $-S-$  or  $-SO-$  (when  $X^1$  is  $-SO_2-$  is required in the final product). Conventional oxidation conditions and reagents for such reactions are well known to the skilled chemist.

When a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a compound of the formula I is required, it may be obtained, for example, by reaction of said compound with, for example, an acid using a conventional procedure, the acid having a pharmaceutically acceptable anion.

Many of the intermediates defined herein, for example, those of the formulae IV, V, VII, IX and XV are novel and these are provided as a further feature of the invention. The preparation of these compounds is as described herein and/or is by methods well known to persons skilled in the art of organic chemistry.

The identification of compounds which potently inhibit the tyrosine kinase activity associated with VEGF receptors such as Flt and/or KDR and which inhibit angiogenesis and/or increased vascular permeability is desirable and is the subject of the present invention. These properties may be assessed, for example, using one or more of the procedures set out below:

#### (a) In Vitro Receptor Tyrosine Kinase Inhibition Test

This assay determines the ability of a test compound to inhibit tyrosine kinase activity. DNA encoding VEGF, FGF or EGF receptor cytoplasmic domains may be obtained by total gene synthesis (Edwards M, International Biotechnology Lab 5(3), 19-25, 1987) or by cloning. These may then be expressed in a suitable expression system to obtain polypeptide with tyrosine kinase activity. For example VEGF, FGF and EGF receptor cytoplasmic domains, which were obtained by expression of recombinant protein in insect cells, were found to display intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity. In the case of the VEGF receptor Flt (Genbank accession number X51602), a 1.7kb DNA fragment encoding most of the cytoplasmic domain, commencing with methionine 783 and including the termination codon, described by Shibuya et al (Oncogene, 1990, 5: 519-524), was isolated from cDNA and cloned into a baculovirus transplacement vector (for example pAcYM1 (see The Baculovirus Expression System: A Laboratory Guide, L.A. King and R. D. Possee, Chapman and Hall, 1992) or pAc360 or pBlueBacHis (available from Invitrogen Corporation)). This recombinant



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construct was co-transfected into insect cells (for example *Spodoptera frugiperda* 21(Sf21)) with viral DNA (eg Pharmingen BaculoGold) to prepare recombinant baculovirus. (Details of the methods for the assembly of recombinant DNA molecules and the preparation and use of recombinant baculovirus can be found in standard texts for example Sambrook et al, 1989, Molecular cloning - A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press and O'Reilly et al, 1992, Baculovirus Expression Vectors - A Laboratory Manual, W. H. Freeman and Co, New York). For other tyrosine kinases for use in assays, cytoplasmic fragments starting from methionine 806 (KDR, Genbank accession number L04947), methionine 668 (EGF receptor, Genbank accession number X00588) and methionine 399 (FGF R1 receptor, Genbank accession number X51803) may be cloned and expressed in a similar manner.

For expression of cFIt tyrosine kinase activity, Sf21 cells were infected with plaque-pure cFIt recombinant virus at a multiplicity of infection of 3 and harvested 48 hours later. Harvested cells were washed with ice cold phosphate buffered saline solution (PBS) (10mM sodium phosphate pH7.4, 138mM sodium chloride, 2.7mM potassium chloride) then resuspended in ice cold HNTG/PMSF (20mM Hepes pH7.5, 150mM sodium chloride, 10% v/v glycerol, 1% v/v Triton X100, 1.5mM magnesium chloride, 1mM ethylene glycol-bis(β-aminoethyl ether) N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid (EGTA), 1mM PMSF (phenylmethylsulphonyl fluoride); the PMSF is added just before use from a freshly-prepared 100mM solution in methanol) using 1ml HNTG/PMSF per 10 million cells. The suspension was centrifuged for 10 minutes at 13,000 rpm at 4°C, the supernatant (enzyme stock) was removed and stored in aliquots at -70°C. Each new batch of stock enzyme was titrated in the assay by dilution with enzyme diluent (100mM Hepes pH 7.4, 0.2mM sodium orthovanadate, 0.1% v/v Triton X100, 0.2mM dithiothreitol). For a typical batch, stock enzyme is diluted 1 in 2000 with enzyme diluent and 50μl of dilute enzyme is used for each assay well.

A stock of substrate solution was prepared from a random copolymer containing tyrosine, for example Poly (Glu, Ala, Tyr) 6:3:1 (Sigma P3899), stored as 1 mg/ml stock in PBS at -20°C and diluted 1 in 500 with PBS for plate coating.

On the day before the assay 100μl of diluted substrate solution was dispensed into all wells of assay plates (Nunc maxisorp 96-well immunoplates) which were sealed and left overnight at 4°C.

On the day of the assay the substrate solution was discarded and the assay plate wells were washed once with PBST (PBS containing 0.05% v/v Tween 20) and once with 50mM Hepes pH7.4.

5           Test compounds were diluted with 10% dimethylsulphoxide (DMSO) and 25µl of diluted compound was transferred to wells in the washed assay plates. "Total" control wells contained 10% DMSO instead of compound. Twenty five microlitres of 40mM manganese(II)chloride containing 8µM adenosine-5'-triphosphate (ATP) was added to all test wells except "blank" control wells which contained manganese(II)chloride without ATP. To  
10 start the reactions 50µl of freshly diluted enzyme was added to each well and the plates were incubated at room temperature for 20 minutes. The liquid was then discarded and the wells were washed twice with PBST. One hundred microlitres of mouse IgG anti-phosphotyrosine antibody (Upstate Biotechnology Inc. product 05-321), diluted 1 in 6000 with PBST containing 0.5% w/v bovine serum albumin (BSA), was added to each well and the plates  
15 were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature before discarding the liquid and washing the wells twice with PBST. One hundred microlitres of horse radish peroxidase (HRP)-linked sheep anti-mouse Ig antibody (Amersham product NXA 931), diluted 1 in 500 with PBST containing 0.5% w/v BSA, was added and the plates were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature before discarding the liquid and washing the wells twice with PBST. One  
20 hundred microlitres of 2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzthiazoline-6-sulphonic acid) (ABTS) solution, freshly prepared using one 50mg ABTS tablet (Boehringer 1204 521) in 50ml freshly prepared 50mM phosphate-citrate buffer pH5.0 + 0.03% sodium perborate (made with 1 phosphate citrate buffer with sodium perborate (PCSB) capsule (Sigma P4922) per 100ml distilled water), was added to each well. Plates were then incubated for 20-60 minutes at  
25 room temperature until the optical density value of the "total" control wells, measured at 405nm using a plate reading spectrophotometer, was approximately 1.0. "Blank" (no ATP) and "total" (no compound) control values were used to determine the dilution range of test compound which gave 50% inhibition of enzyme activity.

### 30 (b) In Vitro HUVEC Proliferation Assay

This assay determines the ability of a test compound to inhibit the growth factor-stimulated proliferation of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC).

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HUVEC cells were isolated in MCDB 131 (Gibco BRL) + 7.5% v/v foetal calf serum (FCS) and were plated out (at passage 2 to 8), in MCDB 131 + 2% v/v FCS + 3µg/ml heparin + 1µg/ml hydrocortisone, at a concentration of 1000 cells/well in 96 well plates.

- 5 After a minimum of 4 hours they were dosed with the appropriate growth factor (i.e. VEGF 3ng/ml, EGF 3ng/ml or b-FGF 0.3ng/ml) and compound. The cultures were then incubated for 4 days at 37°C with 7.5% CO<sub>2</sub>. On day 4 the cultures were pulsed with 1µCi/well of tritiated-thymidine (Amersham product TRA 61) and incubated for 4 hours. The cells were harvested using a 96-well plate harvester (Tomtek) and then assayed for incorporation of
- 10 tritium with a Beta plate counter. Incorporation of radioactivity into cells, expressed as cpm, was used to measure inhibition of growth factor-stimulated cell proliferation by compounds.

#### (c) In Vivo Solid Tumour Disease Model

This test measures the capacity of compounds to inhibit solid tumour growth.

- 15 CaLu-6 tumour xenografts were established in the flank of female athymic Swiss *nu/nu* mice, by subcutaneous injection of  $1 \times 10^6$  CaLu-6 cells/mouse in 100µl of a 50% (v/v) solution of Matrigel in serum free culture medium. Ten days after cellular implant, mice were allocated to groups of 8-10, so as to achieve comparable group mean volumes. Tumours were measured using vernier calipers and volumes were calculated as:  $(l \times w) \times \sqrt{(l \times w)} \times (\pi/6)$  ,
- 20 where  $l$  is the longest diameter and  $w$  the diameter perpendicular to the longest. Test compounds were administered orally once daily for a minimum of 21 days, and control animals received compound diluent. Tumours were measured twice weekly. The level of growth inhibition was calculated by comparison of the mean tumour volume of the control group versus the treatment group using a Student T test and/or a Mann-Whitney Rank Sum
- 25 Test. The inhibitory effect of compound treatment was considered significant when  $p < 0.05$ .

According to a further aspect of the invention there is provided a pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the formula I as defined hereinbefore or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient or carrier.

- 30 The composition may be in a form suitable for oral administration, for example as a tablet or capsule, for parenteral injection (including intravenous, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravascular or infusion) for example as a sterile solution, suspension or emulsion, for topical

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administration for example as an ointment or cream or for rectal administration for example as a suppository. In general the above compositions may be prepared in a conventional manner using conventional excipients.

5           The compositions of the present invention are advantageously presented in unit dosage form. The compound will normally be administered to a warm-blooded animal at a unit dose within the range 5-5000mg per square metre body area of the animal, i.e. approximately 0.1-100mg/kg. A unit dose in the range, for example, 1-100mg/kg, preferably 1-50mg/kg is envisaged and this normally provides a therapeutically-effective dose. A unit  
10   dose form such as a tablet or capsule will usually contain, for example 1-250mg of active ingredient.

          According to a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a compound of the formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as defined hereinbefore for use in a method of treatment of the human or animal body by therapy.

15           We have found that compounds of the present invention inhibit VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity and are therefore of interest for their antiangiogenic effects and/or their ability to cause a reduction in vascular permeability.

          A further feature of the present invention is a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use as a medicament, conveniently a compound  
20   of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use as a medicament for producing an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in a warm-blooded animal such as a human being.

          Thus according to a further aspect of the invention there is provided the use of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture  
25   of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in a warm-blooded animal such as a human being.

          According to a further feature of the invention there is provided a method for producing an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in a warm-blooded animal, such as a human being, in need of such treatment which comprises administering to  
30   said animal an effective amount of a compound of formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as defined hereinbefore.

          As stated above the size of the dose required for the therapeutic or prophylactic treatment of a particular disease state will necessarily be varied depending on the host treated,

the route of administration and the severity of the illness being treated. Preferably a daily dose in the range of 1-50mg/kg is employed. However the daily dose will necessarily be varied depending upon the host treated, the particular route of administration, and the severity of the illness being treated. Accordingly the optimum dosage may be determined by the practitioner who is treating any particular patient.

The antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing treatment defined hereinbefore may be applied as a sole therapy or may involve, in addition to a compound of the invention, one or more other substances and/or treatments. Such conjoint treatment may be achieved by way of the simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of the individual components of the treatment. In the field of medical oncology it is normal practice to use a combination of different forms of treatment to treat each patient with cancer. In medical oncology the other component(s) of such conjoint treatment in addition to the antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing treatment defined hereinbefore may be: surgery, radiotherapy or chemotherapy. Such chemotherapy may cover three main categories of therapeutic agent:

- (i) other antiangiogenic agents that work by different mechanisms from those defined hereinbefore (for example linomide, inhibitors of integrin  $\alpha v \beta 3$  function, angiostatin, razoxin, thalidomide), and including vascular targeting agents (for example combretastatin phosphate and the vascular damaging agents described in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 99/02166 the entire disclosure of which document is incorporated herein by reference, (for example N-acetylcolchicol-O-phosphate), and in International Patent Application Publication No. WO 00/40529 the entire disclosure of which document is incorporated herein by reference);
- (ii) cytostatic agents such as antioestrogens (for example tamoxifen, toremifene, raloxifene, droloxifene, idoxifyfene), progestogens (for example megestrol acetate), aromatase inhibitors (for example anastrozole, letrozole, vorazole, exemestane), antiprogestogens, antiandrogens (for example flutamide, nilutamide, bicalutamide, cyproterone acetate), LHRH agonists and antagonists (for example goserelin acetate, luprolide), inhibitors of testosterone  $5\alpha$ -dihydroreductase (for example finasteride), anti-invasion agents (for example metalloproteinase inhibitors like marimastat and inhibitors of urokinase plasminogen activator receptor function) and inhibitors of growth factor function, (such growth factors include for

example platelet derived growth factor and hepatocyte growth factor such inhibitors include growth factor antibodies, growth factor receptor antibodies, tyrosine kinase inhibitors and serine/threonine kinase inhibitors); and

- 5 (iii) antiproliferative/antineoplastic drugs and combinations thereof, as used in medical oncology, such as antimetabolites (for example antifolates like methotrexate, fluoropyrimidines like 5-fluorouracil, purine and adenosine analogues, cytosine arabinoside); antitumour antibiotics (for example anthracyclines like doxorubicin, daunomycin, epirubicin and idarubicin, mitomycin-C, dactinomycin, mithramycin); platinum derivatives (for example  
10 cisplatin, carboplatin); alkylating agents (for example nitrogen mustard, melphalan, chlorambucil, busulphan, cyclophosphamide, ifosfamide, nitrosoureas, thiotepa); antimitotic agents (for example vinca alkaloids like vincristine and taxoids like taxol, taxotere); topoisomerase inhibitors (for example epipodophyllotoxins like etoposide and teniposide, amsacrine, topotecan, and also irinotecan); also enzymes (for example asparaginase); and  
15 thymidylate synthase inhibitors (for example raltitrexed);  
and additional types of chemotherapeutic agent include:  
(iv) biological response modifiers (for example interferon); and  
(v) antibodies (for example edrecolomab).

For example such conjoint treatment may be achieved by way of the simultaneous,  
20 sequential or separate administration of a compound of formula I as defined hereinbefore, and a vascular targeting agent described in WO 99/02166 such as N-acetylcolchicol-O-phosphate (Exampe 1 of WO 99/02166).

As stated above the compounds defined in the present invention are of interest for their antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effects. Such compounds of the  
25 invention are expected to be useful in a wide range of disease states including cancer, diabetes, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, Kaposi's sarcoma, haemangioma, acute and chronic nephropathies, atheroma, arterial restenosis, autoimmune diseases, acute inflammation, excessive scar formation and adhesions, lymphoedema, endometriosis, dysfunctional uterine bleeding and ocular diseases with retinal vessel proliferation. In particular such compounds of  
30 the invention are expected to slow advantageously the growth of primary and recurrent solid tumours of, for example, the colon, breast, prostate, lungs and skin. More particularly such compounds of the invention are expected to inhibit the growth of those primary and recurrent solid tumours which are associated with VEGF, especially those tumours which are



significantly dependent on VEGF for their growth and spread, including for example, certain tumours of the colon, breast, prostate, lung, vulva and skin.

In addition to their use in therapeutic medicine, the compounds of formula I and  
5 their pharmaceutically acceptable salts are also useful as pharmacological tools in the development and standardisation of in vitro and in vivo test systems for the evaluation of the effects of inhibitors of VEGF receptor tyrosine kinase activity in laboratory animals such as cats, dogs, rabbits, monkeys, rats and mice, as part of the search for new therapeutic agents.

It is to be understood that where the term "ether" is used anywhere in this  
10 specification it refers to diethyl ether.

The invention will now be illustrated in the following non-limiting Examples in which, unless otherwise stated:-

- (i) evaporations were carried out by rotary evaporation in vacuo and work-up procedures were carried out after removal of residual solids such as drying agents by filtration;
- 15 (ii) operations were carried out at ambient temperature, that is in the range 18-25°C and under an atmosphere of an inert gas such as argon;
- (iii) column chromatography (by the flash procedure) and medium pressure liquid chromatography (MPLC) were performed on Merck Kieselgel silica (Art. 9385) or Merck Lichroprep RP-18 (Art. 9303) reversed-phase silica obtained from E. Merck, Darmstadt,  
20 Germany;
- (iv) yields are given for illustration only and are not necessarily the maximum attainable;
- (v) melting points are uncorrected and were determined using a Mettler SP62 automatic melting point apparatus, an oil-bath apparatus or a Koffler hot plate apparatus.
- 25 (vi) the structures of the end-products of the formula I were confirmed by nuclear (generally proton) magnetic resonance (NMR) and mass spectral techniques; proton magnetic resonance chemical shift values were measured on the delta scale and peak multiplicities are shown as follows: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; m, multiplet; br, broad; q, quartet, quin, quintet;
- 30 (vii) intermediates were not generally fully characterised and purity was assessed by thin layer chromatography (TLC), high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), infra-red (IR) or NMR analysis;

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(viii) HPLC were run under 2 different conditions:

1) on a TSK Gel super ODS 2 $\mu$ M 4.6mm x 5cm column, eluting with a gradient of methanol in water (containing 1% acetic acid) 20 to 100% in 5 minutes. Flow rate 1.4 ml/minute.

5 Detection: U.V. at 254 nm and light scattering detections;

2) on a TSK Gel super ODS 2 $\mu$ M 4.6mm x 5cm column, eluting with a gradient of methanol in water (containing 1% acetic acid) 0 to 100% in 7 minutes. Flow rate 1.4 ml/minute.

Detection: U.V. at 254 nm and light scattering detections.

(ix) petroleum ether refers to that fraction boiling between 40-60°C

10 (x) the following abbreviations have been used:-

DMF N,N-dimethylformamide

DMSO dimethylsulphoxide

TFA trifluoroacetic acid

15 NMP 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone

THF tetrahydrofuran

HMDS 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyldisilazane.

HPLC RT HPLC retention time

DEAD diethyl azodicarboxylate

20 DMA dimethylacetamide

DMAp 4-dimethylaminopyridine

### Example 1



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Under nitrogen to a suspension of sodium hydride (60%) (24mg, 0.6 mmol) in DMF was added 5-hydroxy-2-methylindole (88 mg, 0.6 mmol) followed by 2-chloro-5-trifluoromethylpyridine (91 mg, 0.5 mmol). After stirring for 24 hours at 80°C, the mixture was poured onto a column of silica and eluted with methylene chloride to give **2-(2-methylindol-5-yloxy)-5-trifluoromethylpyridine** (72 mg, 49%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.46 (s, 3H) ; 6.25 (s, 1H) ; 6.82-6.97 (m, 2H) ; 7.25 (s, 1H) ; 7.32 (s, 1H) ; 7.85 (dd, 1H) ; 7.95 (br s, 1H) ; 8.45 (s, 1H)

MS - ESI : 293 [MH]<sup>+</sup>

### Example 2

The following illustrate representative pharmaceutical dosage forms containing the compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof (hereafter compound X), for therapeutic or prophylactic use in humans:

(a)	<u>Tablet I</u>	<u>mg/tablet</u>
	Compound X .....	100
	Lactose Ph.Eur.....	182.75
	Croscarmellose sodium .....	12.0
20	Maize starch paste (5% w/v paste) .....	2.25
	Magnesium stearate .....	3.0
(b)	<u>Tablet II</u>	<u>mg/tablet</u>
	Compound X .....	50
25	Lactose Ph.Eur.....	223.75
	Croscarmellose sodium .....	6.0
	Maize starch .....	15.0
	Polyvinylpyrrolidone (5% w/v paste) .....	2.25
	Magnesium stearate .....	3.0
30	(c)	<u>Tablet III</u>
		<u>mg/tablet</u>
	Compound X .....	1.0
	Lactose Ph.Eur.....	93.25

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	Croscarmellose sodium .....	4.0
	Maize starch paste (5% w/v paste) .....	0.75
	Magnesium stearate .....	1.0
5	(d) <u>Capsule</u>	<u>mg/capsule</u>
	Compound X .....	10
	Lactose Ph.Eur .....	488.5
	Magnesium stearate .....	1.5
10	(e) <u>Injection I</u>	<u>(50 mg/ml)</u>
	Compound X .....	5.0% w/v
	1N Sodium hydroxide solution .....	15.0% v/v
	0.1N Hydrochloric acid (to adjust pH to 7.6)	
15	Polyethylene glycol 400 .....	4.5% w/v
	Water for injection to 100%	
	(f) <u>Injection II</u>	<u>10 mg/ml</u>
	Compound X .....	1.0% w/v
20	Sodium phosphate BP .....	3.6% w/v
	0.1N Sodium hydroxide solution .....	15.0% v/v
	Water for injection to 100%	
	(g) <u>Injection III</u>	<u>(1mg/ml,buffered to pH6)</u>
25	Compound X .....	0.1% w/v
	Sodium phosphate BP .....	2.26% w/v
	Citric acid .....	0.38% w/v
	Polyethylene glycol 400 .....	3.5% w/v
	Water for injection to 100%	

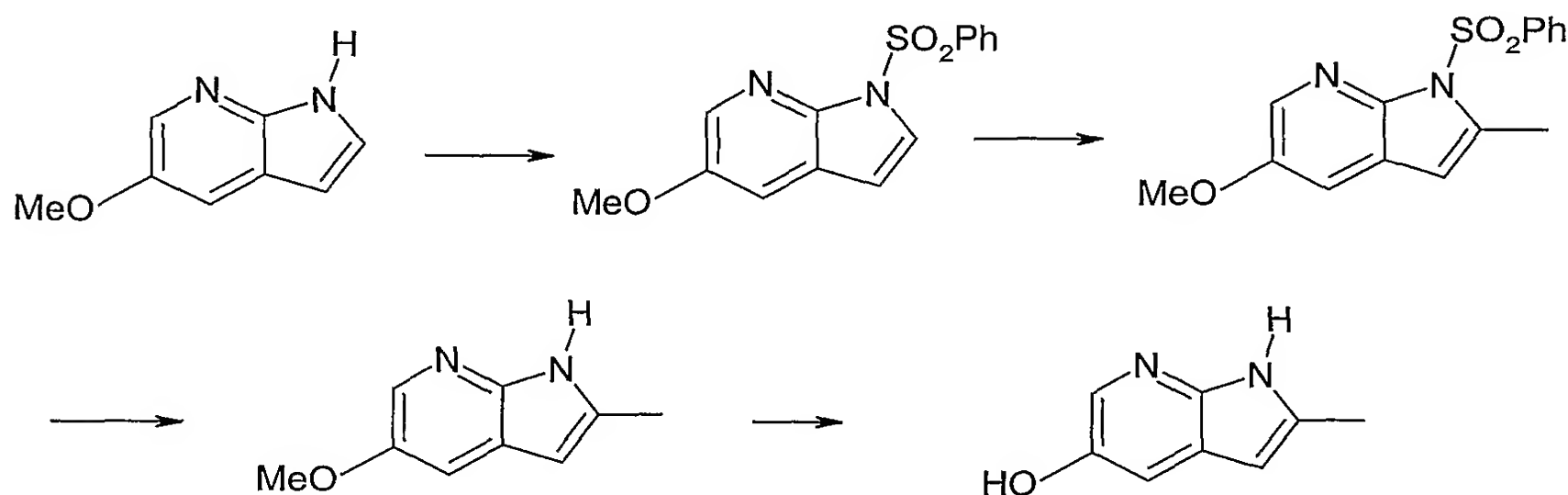
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Note

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The above formulations may be obtained by conventional procedures well known in the pharmaceutical art. The tablets (a)-(c) may be enteric coated by conventional means, for example to provide a coating of cellulose acetate phthalate.

5

**Reference Example 1****2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridin-5-ol**

- 10 To a solution of 5-methoxy-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (920 mg, 6.2 mmol) (Heterocycles 50, (2) 1065-1080, 1999) in methylene chloride (20ml) was added benzyltriethylammonium chloride (37 mg, 0.16 mmol) followed by sodium hydroxide powder (771 mg, 19.2 mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0°C and benzylsulfonyl chloride (991 µl, 7.77 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15 minutes followed by
- 15 2 hours at ambient temperature. The mixture was filtered over diatomaceous earth and the filtrate was evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography eluting with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (20/80 followed by 30/70). The fractions containing the expected product were combined and evaporated to give 5-methoxy-1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (1.69 g ; 94%)
- 20 <sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum: (DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) 3.86 (s, 3H) ; 6.78 (d, 1H) ; 7.6-7.7 (m, 3H) ; 7.72 (dd, 1H) ; 7.88 (d, 1H) ; 8.02-8.12 (m, 3H)
- MS: 289.47 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>

- A solution of 5-methoxy-1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (900 mg, 3.12 mmol) in THF (22.5 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of lithium diisopropylamide
- 25 (prepared from nBu-Li (2.5M in hexane) ; 2.5 ml) and diisopropylamine (874 µl) in THF

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(13.5 ml)) cooled at  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. Methyl iodide (215  $\mu\text{l}$ , 3.44 mmol) in THF (9 ml) was then added dropwise and the mixture was stirred for 10

5 minutes at  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , left to warm up to ambient temperature and stirred for 15 minutes. The mixture was then poured onto ice/water. The mixture was then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with water, brine, dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography, eluting with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (20/80 followed by 30/70). The fractions containing the expected  
10 product were combined and evaporated to give 5-methoxy-2-methyl-1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (805 mg, 85%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR Spectrum: ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ ) 2.7 (s, 3H) ; 3.82 (s, 3H) ; 6.51 (d, 1H) ; 7.49 (d, 1H) ; 7.59 (dd, 2H) ; 7.7 (m, 1H) ; 8.0-8.1 (m, 3H)

MS: 303.5  $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$

15 A solution of 5-methoxy-2-methyl-1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (950 mg, 3.14 mmol) and 40% aqueous sodium hydroxide (106 ml) in methanol (160 ml) was heated at reflux for 30 minutes. After cooling, the mixture was poured onto cooled water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with water, brine, dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography  
20 eluting with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether (1/1). The fractions containing the expected product were combined and evaporated to give 5-methoxy-2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (462 mg, 91%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR Spectrum: ( $\text{DMSO } d_6$ ) 2.38 (s, 3H) ; 3.8 (s, 3H) ; 6.06 (d, 1H) ; 7.39 (d, 1H) ; 7.82 (d, 1H)

25 MS: 163.3  $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$

A solution of boron tribromide (64  $\mu\text{l}$ , 0.68 mmol) in methylene chloride (200  $\mu\text{l}$ ) was added to a solution of 5-methoxy-2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine (50 mg, 0.308 mmol) in methylene chloride (4 ml) cooled at  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The mixture was left to warm up to ambient temperature and further stirred for 3 hours. The mixture was poured onto ice. The pH was  
30 adjusted to 6.2 with 6N aqueous sodium hydroxide followed by 2 N aqueous hydrogen chloride. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, followed by brine and dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography, eluting with with methylene chloride



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followed by methylene chloride/methanol (98/2 followed by 95/5). The fractions containing the expected product were combined and evaporated to give **2-methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridin-5-ol** (45 mg, quantitative).

5

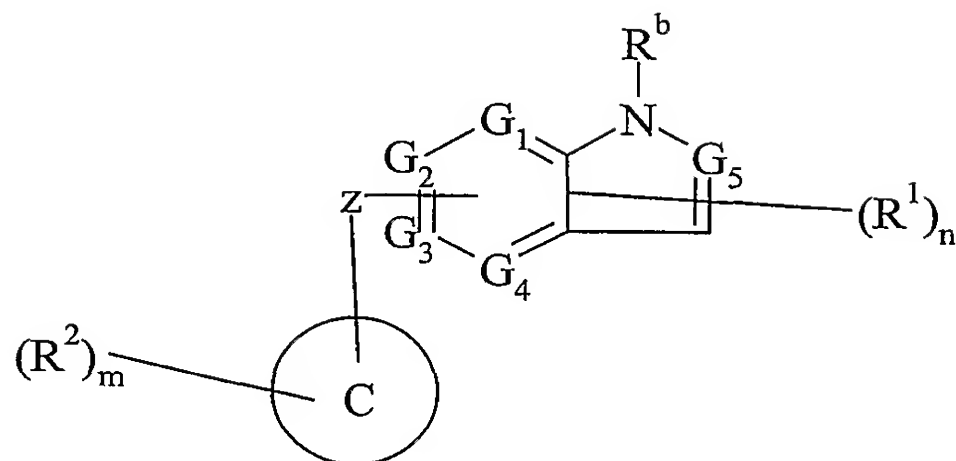
<sup>1</sup>H NMR Spectrum: (DMSO d<sub>6</sub>) 2.4 (s, 3H) ; 5.96 (s, 1H) ; 7.12 (d, 1H) ; 7.69 (d, 1H) ; 8.9 (s, 1H) ; 11.07 (br s, 1H)

MS: 149.2 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>

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CLAIMS

1. The use of a compound of the formula I:



(I)

wherein:

- 15 ring C is a 5 or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring containing at least one nitrogen atom and optionally containing a further 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N; either any one of G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> and G<sub>5</sub> is nitrogen and the other four are -CH-, or G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> and G<sub>5</sub> are all -CH-;
- Z is -O-, -NH-, -S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>- or a direct bond; Z is linked to any one of G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub> and G<sub>4</sub> which
- 20 is a free carbon atom;
- n is an integer from 0 to 5; any of the substituents R<sup>1</sup> may be attached at any free carbon atom of the indole, azaindole or indazole group, such free carbon atoms may be G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> or G<sub>5</sub> or may be at the 3-position of the indole, azaindole or indazole group;
- m is an integer from 0 to 4;
- 25 R<sup>b</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl(ring A) wherein ring A is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperaziny, morpholino and thiomorpholino and wherein ring A may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl, hydroxy, oxo, halogeno, cyano,
- 30 cyanoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonyl and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl;
- R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen, oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl(ring B)

wherein ring B is selected from azetidiny, pyrrolidiny, piperidiny, piperaziny, N-methylpiperaziny, N-ethylpiperaziny, morpholino and thiomorpholino;

$R^2$  represents hydrogen, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylsulphanyl,  $-NR^3R^4$  (wherein  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , which may be the same or different,

5 each represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl), or  $R^5X^1$  (wherein  $X^1$  represents a direct bond,  $-O-$ ,  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-NR^6C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^7-$ ,  $-SO_2NR^8-$ ,  $-NR^9SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{10}-$  (wherein  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$ ,  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl), and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty-two groups:

10 1) hydrogen, oxiranyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo and amino;  
 2)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^2C(O)R^{11}$  (wherein  $X^2$  represents  $-O-$  or  $-NR^{12}-$  (in which  $R^{12}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{11}$  represents  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $-NR^{13}R^{14}$  or  $-OR^{15}$  (wherein  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  which may be the same or different each represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl));

3)  $C_{1-5}$ alkyl $X^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  represents  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$ ,  $-NR^{17}C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{18}-$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{19}-$ ,  $-NR^{20}SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{21}-$  (wherein  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{16}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ aminoalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy and a group  $-(-O-)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_g$ ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl));

30 4)  $C_{1-5}alkylX^4C_{1-5}alkylX^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  which may be the same or different are each  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-NR^{23}C(O)-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{24}-$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{25}-$ ,  $-NR^{26}SO_2-$  or  $-NR^{27}-$  (wherein  $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$ ,  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  each independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) and  $R^{22}$  represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl);

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- 5)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which heterocyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 6) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined herein);
- 7) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined herein);
- 8) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined herein);
- 9)  $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  represents a pyridone group, a phenyl group or a 5-6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group (linked via carbon or nitrogen) with 1-3 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S, which pyridone, phenyl or aromatic heterocyclic group may carry up to 5 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkoxy, carboxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, -C(O)NR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>, -NR<sup>32</sup>C(O)R<sup>33</sup> (wherein R<sup>30</sup>, R<sup>31</sup>, R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-4}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl));
- 10) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined herein);
- 11) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined herein);
- 12) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl $R^{29}$  (wherein  $R^{29}$  is as defined herein);
- 13) C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup> $R^{29}$  (wherein X<sup>6</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>34</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>35</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>36</sup>-, -NR<sup>37</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>38</sup>- (wherein R<sup>34</sup>, R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and  $R^{29}$  is as defined herein);
- 14) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>7</sup> $R^{29}$  (wherein X<sup>7</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>39</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>40</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>41</sup>-, -NR<sup>42</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>43</sup>- (wherein R<sup>39</sup>, R<sup>40</sup>, R<sup>41</sup>, R<sup>42</sup> and R<sup>43</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and  $R^{29}$  is as defined herein);

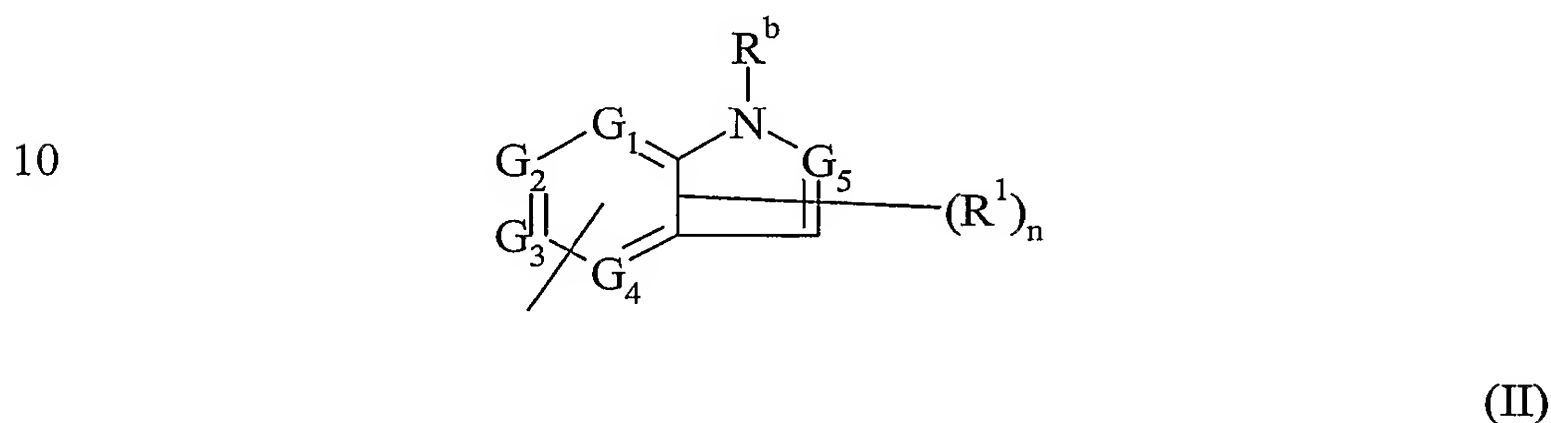
- 15) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>8</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>8</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>44</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>45</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>46</sup>-, -NR<sup>47</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>48</sup>- (wherein R<sup>44</sup>, R<sup>45</sup>, R<sup>46</sup>, R<sup>47</sup> and R<sup>48</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined herein);
- 5 16) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>49</sup>C(O)-, -C(O)NR<sup>50</sup>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>51</sup>-, -NR<sup>52</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>53</sup>- (wherein R<sup>49</sup>, R<sup>50</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, R<sup>52</sup> and R<sup>53</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined herein);
- 17) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined herein);
- 10 18) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 19) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 15 20) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined herein);
- 21) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined herein); and
- 22) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>54</sup>(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>q</sub>(X<sup>9</sup>)<sub>r</sub>R<sup>55</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> is as defined herein, q is 0 or 1, r is 0 or 1, and R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are each independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and which cyclic group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>aminoalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy and a group -(O)<sub>f</sub>(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)<sub>g</sub>ringD (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a 4-, 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with 1-2 heteroatoms, selected independently from O, S and N, which cyclic group may bear one or more substituents selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl), with
- 30 the proviso that R<sup>54</sup> cannot be hydrogen);
- and additionally wherein any C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl or C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl group in R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup>- may bear one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino);

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or a salt thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the production of an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in warm-blooded animals such as humans.

5

2. The use of a compound of the formula I according to claim 1 wherein the optionally substituted indole moiety of formula II:



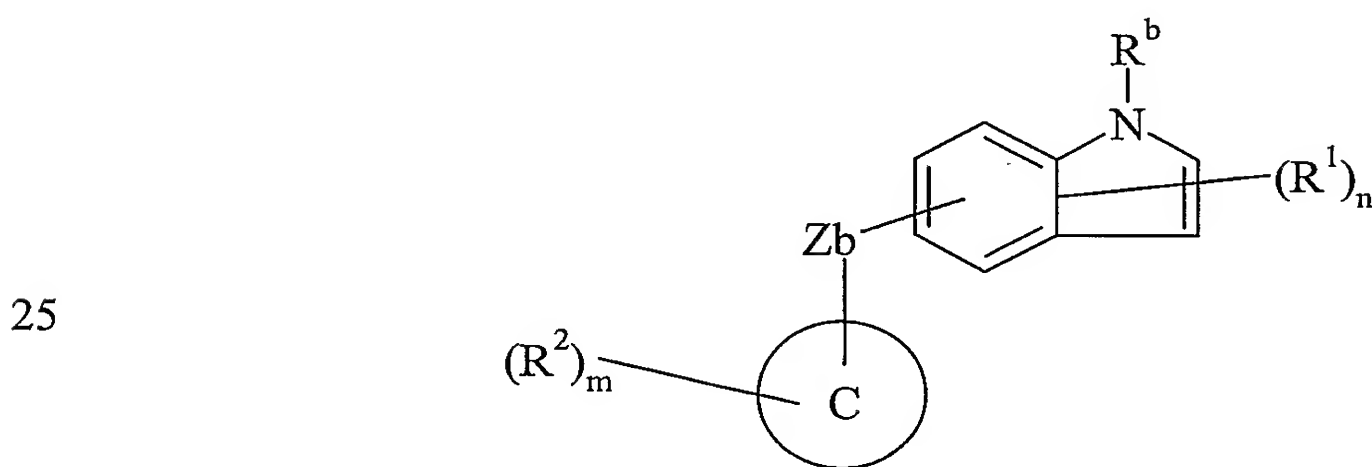
wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  and  $n$  are as defined in claim 1;

15 is selected from the indole moieties:

4-fluoro-2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-5-yl, 2-methylindol-6-yl, 2,3-dimethylindol-5-yl, 1-methylindol-5-yl, 1,2-dimethylindol-5-yl, 4-fluoroindol-5-yl, 6-fluoroindol-5-yl, indol-5-yl, and 3-methylindol-5-yl.

20

3. A compound of the formula Ib:



30 wherein ring C,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $m$  and  $n$  are as defined in claim 1 and Zb represents -O-, -NH- or -S-;

with the proviso that:

if Z is -S- then at least one  $R^2$  is not hydrogen;



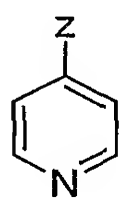
-86-

if Z is -O- then at least one  $R^2$  is not selected from hydrogen, methoxy, nitro, cyano, chloro and amino and if  $R^2$  is a group  $R^5-X^1$  then  $X^1$  is not selected from  $-NR^{10}-$ ,  $-C(O)NR^7-$  and  $-C(O)-$  wherein  $R^5$ ,  $R^7$  and  $R^{10}$  are as defined in claim 1;

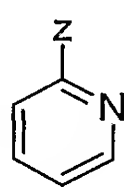
- 5 if Z is -NH- then at least one  $R^2$  is not selected from hydrogen, methyl, trifluoromethyl, nitro, amino, carbamoyl, methylsulphonyl, benzyl, phenylcarbonylamino, benzylcarbamoyl and benzylsulphonyl and if  $R^2$  is a group  $R^5-X^1$  then  $X^1$  is not selected from  $-NR^{10}-$  and a direct bond wherein  $R^5$  and  $R^{10}$  are as defined in claim 1;  
or a salt thereof.

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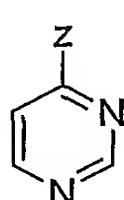
4. A compound according to claim 3 wherein ring C is selected from one of the following seven moieties:



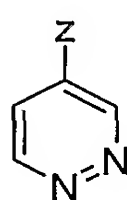
(i)



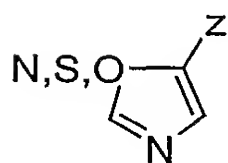
(ii)



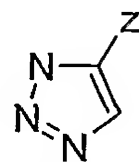
(iii)



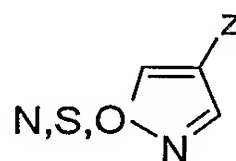
(iv)



(v)



(vi)



(vii)

- 15 wherein Z is Zb as defined in claim 3 but is not part of ring C.

5. A compound according to claim 3 or claim 4 wherein ring C is a pyrimidine ring or a pyridyl ring.

- 20 6. A compound according to any one of claims 3 to 5 wherein Z is -O- or -NH-.

7. A compound according to any one of claims 3 to 6 wherein  $R^b$  is hydrogen.

25

8. A compound according to any one of claims 3 to 7 wherein  $R^1$  represents methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl or halogeno.

- 5 9. A compound according to any one of claims 3 to 8 wherein  $R^2$  represents hydroxy, halogeno, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyano, amino or  $R^5X^1$ - [wherein  $X^1$  is as defined in claim 1 and  $R^5$  is selected from one of the following twenty groups:
- 1)  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more groups selected from fluoro, chloro and bromo, or  $C_{2-3}$ alkyl which may be unsubstituted or
  - 10 substituted with one or more groups selected from hydroxy and amino;
  - 2) 2-(3,3-dimethylureido)ethyl, 3-(3,3-dimethylureido)propyl, 2-(3-methylureido)ethyl, 3-(3-methylureido)propyl, 2-ureidoethyl, 3-ureidopropyl, 2-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(N-methylcarbamoyloxy)propyl, 2-(carbamoyloxy)ethyl, 3-(carbamoyloxy)propyl, or 2-(N-methyl-N-(butoxycarbonyl)amino)ethyl;
  - 15 3)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^3R^{16}$  (wherein  $X^3$  is as defined in claim 1 and  $R^{16}$  is a group selected from  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl and tetrahydropyranyl which group is linked to  $X^3$  through a carbon atom and which  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxy and which cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl or tetrahydropyranyl group may bear one substituent selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano,  $C_{1-2}$ cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ hydroxyalkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxy $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ alkylsulphonyl $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-3}$ alkyl, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkylamino $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy, di( $C_{1-3}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_gringD$  (wherein  $f$  is 0 or 1,  $g$  is 0 or 1 and ring  $D$  is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
  - 20 4)  $C_{2-3}alkylX^4C_{2-3}alkylX^5R^{22}$  (wherein  $X^4$  and  $X^5$  are as defined in claim 1 and  $R^{22}$  represents hydrogen or  $C_{1-2}$ alkyl);
  - 25 5)  $R^{28}$  (wherein  $R^{28}$  is as defined in claim 1);
  - 6)  $C_{1-3}alkylR^{59}$  (wherein  $R^{59}$  is a group selected from pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, imidazolidinyl, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl and 1,3-dithian-2-yl, which group is linked to  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl through a carbon atom and which group may

- bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino)) or C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylR<sup>60</sup> (wherein R<sup>60</sup> is a group selected from morpholino, thiomorpholino, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperazin-1-yl and
- 10 piperidino which group may bear 1 or 2 substituents selected from oxo, hydroxy, halogeno, cyano, C<sub>1-2</sub>cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>hydroxyalkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylsulphonylC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-2</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, di(C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy and a group  $-(O)_f(C_{1-3}alkyl)_g ringD$  (wherein f is 0 or 1, g is 0 or 1 and ring D is a heterocyclic group selected from pyrrolidinyl, methylpiperazinyl, piperidinyl, azetidiny, morpholino and thiomorpholino));
- 15 7) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);
- 8) C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);
- 9) 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-en-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);
- 20 10) 1-R<sup>29</sup>but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);
- 11) C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylX<sup>6</sup>R<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined in claim 1);
- 12) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>7</sup>)but-2-en-4-yl (wherein X<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined in claim 1);
- 13) 1-(R<sup>29</sup>X<sup>8</sup>)but-2-yn-4-yl (wherein X<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined in claim 1);
- 14) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>29</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>29</sup> are as defined in claim 1);
- 25 15) C<sub>2-3</sub>alkylX<sup>9</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylR<sup>28</sup> (wherein X<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined in claim 1);
- 16) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkenyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;
- 30 17) C<sub>2-5</sub>alkynyl which may be unsubstituted or which may be substituted with one or more fluorine atoms or with one or two groups selected from hydroxy, fluoro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, aminosulphonyl, N-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminosulphonyl and N,N-di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminosulphonyl;

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- 18)  $C_{2-3}alkenylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined in claim 1);  
 19)  $C_{2-3}alkynylX^9C_{1-3}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^9$  and  $R^{28}$  are as defined in claim 1); and  
 20)  $C_{1-3}alkylR^{54}(C_{1-3}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein  $X^9$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$ ,  $R^{54}$  and  $R^{55}$  are as defined in claim 1);  
 5 and additionally wherein any  $C_{1-5}alkyl$ ,  $C_{2-5}alkenyl$  or  $C_{2-5}alkynyl$  group in  $R^5X^1$  - may bear one or more substituents selected from hydroxy, halogeno and amino].

10. A compound selected from:

2-(2-methylindol-5-yloxy)-5-trifluoromethylpyridine

10 or a salt thereof.

11. A compound according to any one of claims 3 to 10 in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

15 12. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula Ib or a salt thereof which comprises:

(a) the reaction of a compound of the formula III:

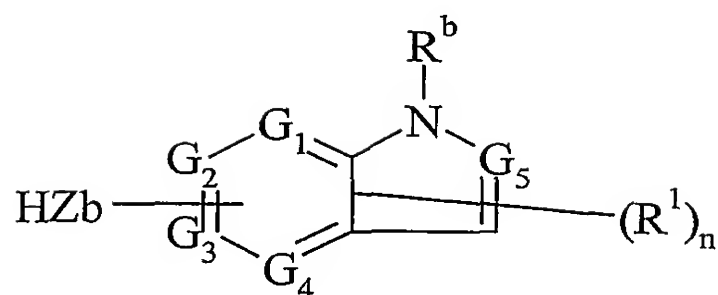


(III)

25 (wherein ring C,  $R^2$  and  $m$  are as defined in claim 1 and  $L^1$  is a displaceable moiety), with a compound of the formula IV:

30

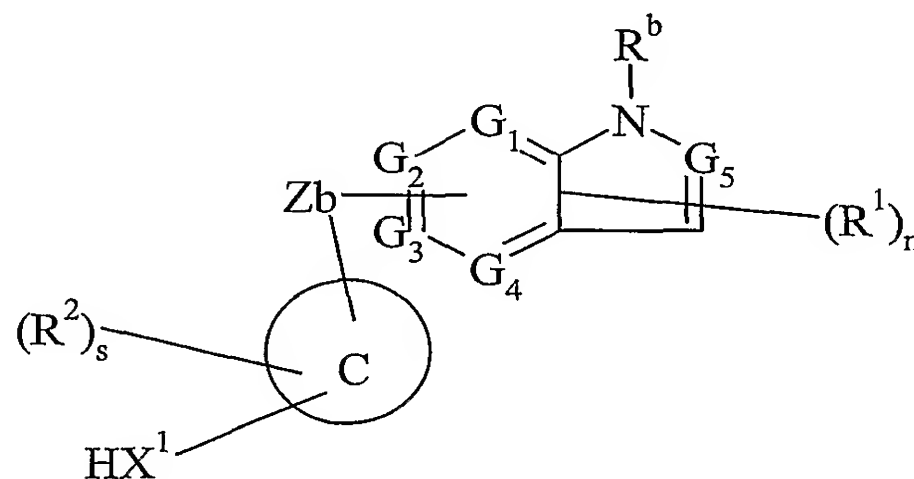
-90-



(IV)

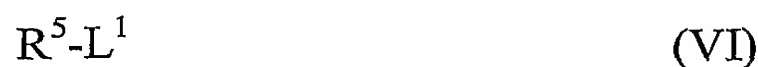
(wherein  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$  and  $n$  are as defined in claim 1,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  are all  $-CH-$ , and  $Zb$  is as defined in claim 3);

(b) a compound of formula I or a salt thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$  wherein  $R^5$  is as defined in claim 1 and  $X^1$  is  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$  or  $-NR^{10}-$  (wherein  $R^{10}$  independently represents hydrogen,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl) may be prepared by the reaction of a compound of the formula V:



(V)

(wherein ring  $C$ ,  $R^b$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $n$  are as defined in claim 1,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$ ,  $G_4$  and  $G_5$  are all  $-CH-$ ,  $Zb$  is as defined in claim 3 and  $X^1$  is as herein defined in this section and  $s$  is an integer from 0 to 3) with a compound of formula VI:

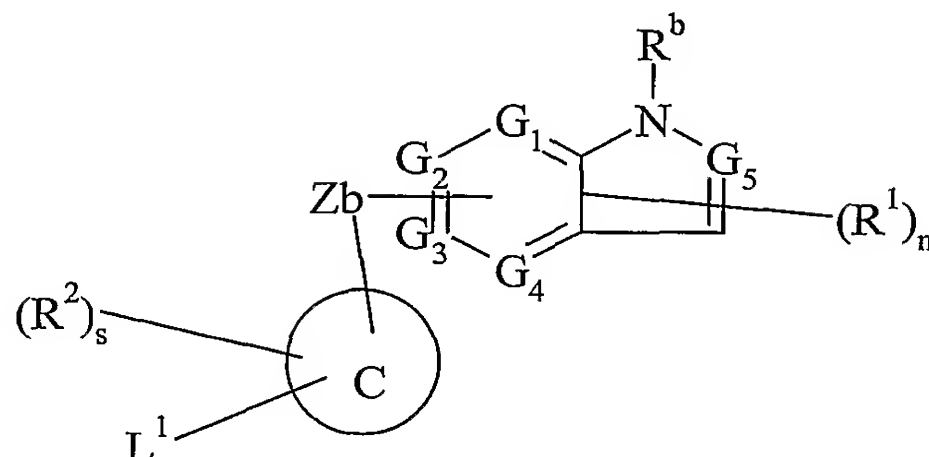


(wherein  $R^5$  is as defined in claim 1 and  $L^1$  is as defined herein);

(c) a compound of the formula I or a salt thereof wherein at least one  $R^2$  is  $R^5X^1$  wherein  $R^5$  is as defined in claim 1 and  $X^1$  is  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-OC(O)-$  or  $-NR^{10}-$  (wherein  $R^{10}$

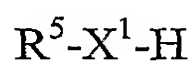
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represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) may be prepared by the reaction of a compound of the formula VII:



(VII)

with a compound of the formula VIII:



(VIII)

(wherein ring C, R<sup>b</sup>, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and n are all as defined in claim 1, G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> and G<sub>5</sub> are all -CH-, Zb is as defined in claim 3, L<sup>1</sup> and s are as defined herein and X<sup>1</sup> is as herein defined in this section);

(d) a compound of the formula I or a salt thereof wherein at least one R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>5</sup>X<sup>1</sup> wherein X<sup>1</sup> is as defined in claim 1 and R<sup>5</sup> is C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylR<sup>62</sup>, wherein R<sup>62</sup> is selected from one of the following nine groups:

1) X<sup>10</sup>C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl (wherein X<sup>10</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>63</sup>C(O)- or -NR<sup>64</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- (wherein R<sup>63</sup> and R<sup>64</sup> which may be the same or different are each hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl);

2) NR<sup>65</sup>R<sup>66</sup> (wherein R<sup>65</sup> and R<sup>66</sup> which may be the same or different are each hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl);

3) X<sup>11</sup>C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylX<sup>5</sup>R<sup>22</sup> (wherein X<sup>11</sup> represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>67</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>68</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>69</sup>- (wherein R<sup>67</sup>, R<sup>68</sup>, and R<sup>69</sup> which may be the same or different are each hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and X<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>22</sup> are as defined in claim 1);

4) R<sup>28</sup> (wherein R<sup>28</sup> is as defined in claim 1);



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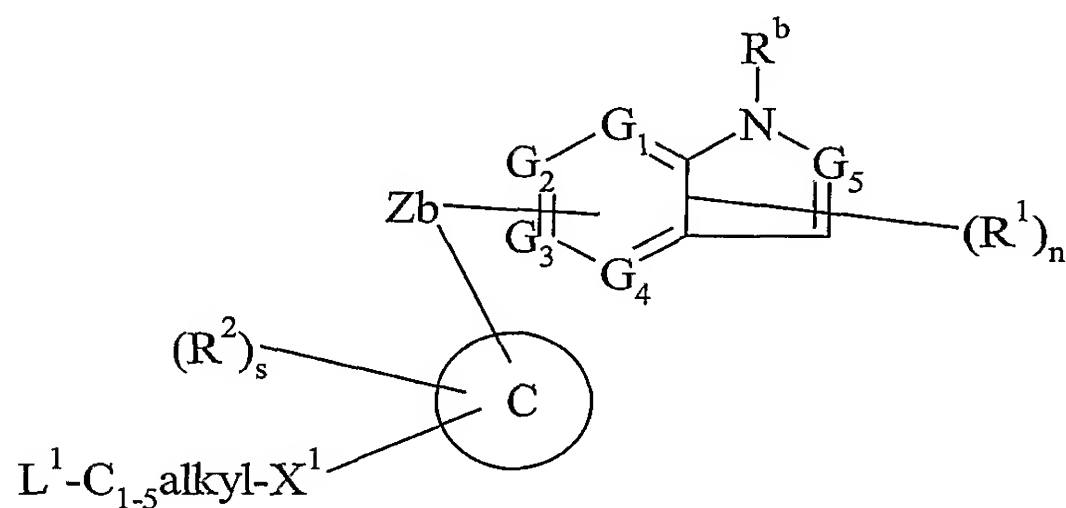
5)  $X^{12}R^{29}$  (wherein  $X^{12}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>70</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>71</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>-, or -NR<sup>72</sup>- (wherein R<sup>70</sup>, R<sup>71</sup>, and R<sup>72</sup> which may be the same or different are each hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1); and

5 6)  $X^{13}C_{1-3}alkylR^{29}$  (wherein  $X^{13}$  represents -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NR<sup>73</sup>C(O)-, -NR<sup>74</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- or -NR<sup>75</sup>- (wherein R<sup>73</sup>, R<sup>74</sup> and R<sup>75</sup> each independently represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxyC<sub>2-3</sub>alkyl) and R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);

7) R<sup>29</sup> (wherein R<sup>29</sup> is as defined in claim 1);

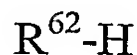
8)  $X^{13}C_{1-4}alkylR^{28}$  (wherein  $X^{13}$  and R<sup>28</sup> are as defined in claim 1); and

10 9)  $R^{54}(C_{1-4}alkyl)_q(X^9)_rR^{55}$  (wherein q, r, X<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>54</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are as defined in claim 1);  
may be prepared by reacting a compound of the formula IX:



(IX)

(wherein ring C, X<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>b</sup>, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and n are as defined in claim 1, G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, G<sub>3</sub>, G<sub>4</sub> and G<sub>5</sub> are all -CH-, Zb is as defined in claim 3 and L<sup>1</sup> and s are as defined herein) with a compound of the formula X:



(X)

(wherein R<sup>62</sup> is as defined herein);

(e) a compound of the formula Ib or a salt thereof wherein one or more of the substituents (R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub> is represented by -NR<sup>76</sup>R<sup>77</sup>, where one (and the other is hydrogen) or both of R<sup>76</sup> and R<sup>77</sup> are C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, may be effected by the reaction of compounds of formula I wherein the substituent (R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub> is an amino group and an alkylating agent;

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(f) a compound of the formula Ib or a salt thereof wherein  $X^1$  is -SO- or -SO<sub>2</sub>- may be prepared by oxidation from the corresponding compound in which  $X^1$  is -S- or -SO- (when  $X^1$  is -SO<sub>2</sub>- is required in the final product);

and when a salt of a compound of formula Ib is required, reaction of the compound obtained  
5 with an acid or base whereby to obtain the desired salt.

13. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the formula Ib as defined in claim 3 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient or carrier.

10

14. A method for producing an antiangiogenic and/or vascular permeability reducing effect in a warm-blooded animal in need of such treatment which comprises administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound of formula I as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 01/03585

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D401/12 C07D403/12 A61K31/437 A61K31/416 A61K31/404  
A61P35/00 A61P29/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A61K A61P C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 94 14770 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC ) 7 July 1994 (1994-07-07) claims 1,14; examples 10,11,12A,14 ---	3,13
X	EP 0 405 425 A (HOECHST ROUSSEL PHARMA) 2 January 1991 (1991-01-02) page 10, line 29-32,39-42; claims 1,10; example 17 ---	3,13
A	WO 98 13350 A (ZENECA PHAR) 2 April 1998 (1998-04-02) claims 1,22 ---	1
A	EP 0 795 556 A (PHARMACIA & UPJOHN SPA) 17 September 1997 (1997-09-17) page 7, line 10 - line 11; claim 1 ---	1
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

## \* Special categories of cited documents :

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- \*P\* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- \*T\* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- \*&\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 December 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

03/01/2002

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/GB 01/03585

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P,X	WO 01 53268 A (AGOURON PHARMA) 26 July 2001 (2001-07-26) claims 1,7-10; example 14 ---	1
P,X	WO 01 25220 A (KINETIX) 12 April 2001 (2001-04-12) claims 1 and 27; pages 37 - 167, most indoles and indazoles ---	1
E	WO 01 60816 A (AMGEN INC) 23 August 2001 (2001-08-23) claims 1,21; examples 36,42,43 -----	1

## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 3-9, 11-13 (partially)

Present claims 3 - 13 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the compounds disclosed in the example. The search for the above mentioned claims has covered optionally substituted 5-pyridyloxyindoles.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 01/03585

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